



Low energy observation with Super-K; **Solar neutrino measurement in Super-Kamiokande III**

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The Super-Kamiokande Collaboration

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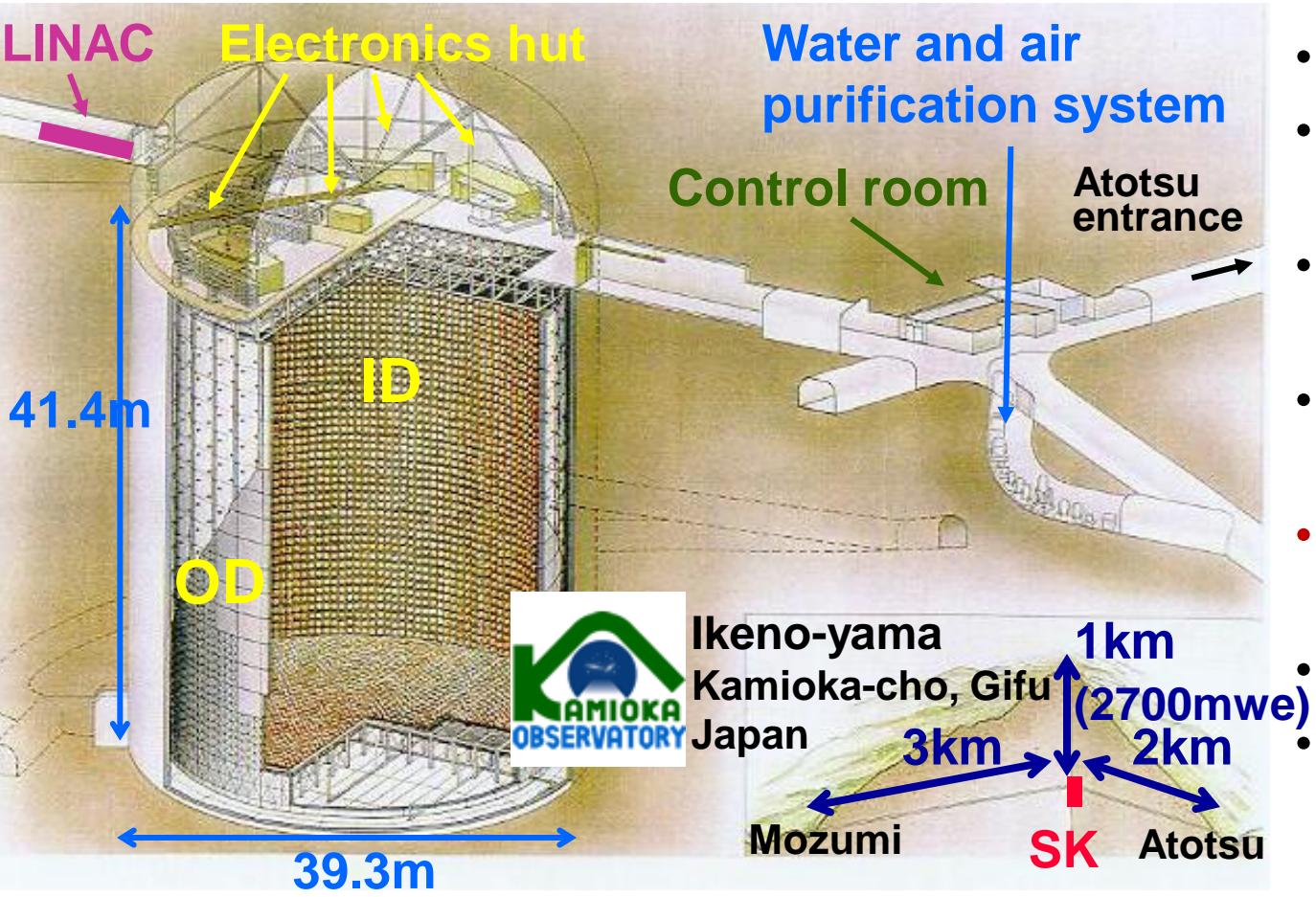
1 Kamioka Observatory, ICRR, Univ. of Tokyo, Japan
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3 IPMU, Univ. of Tokyo, Japan
4 Boston University, USA
5 Brookhaven National Laboratory, USA
6 University of California, Irvine, USA
7 California State University, Dominguez Hills, USA
8 Chonnam National University, Korea
9 Duke University, USA
10 Gifu University, Japan
11 University of Hawaii, USA
12 Kanagawa, University, Japan
13 KEK, Japan
14 Kobe University, Japan
15 Kyoto University, Japan
16 Miyagi University of Education, Japan
17 STE, Nagoya University, Japan
18 SUNY, Stony Brook, USA

19 Niigata University, Japan
20 Okayama University, Japan
21 Osaka University, Japan
22 Seoul National University, Korea
23 Shizuoka University, Japan
24 Shizuoka University of Welfare, Japan
25 Sungkyunkwan University, Korea
26 Tokai University, Japan
27 University of Tokyo, Japan
28 Tsinghua University, China
29 Warsaw University, Poland
30 University of Washington, USA
Autonomous University of Madrid, Spain (Nov.2008~)

~120 collaborators
31 institutions, 6 countries

From PRD81,
092004 (2010)
3

Super-Kamiokande detector



- 50kton water
- ~2m OD viewed by 8-inch PMTs
- 32kt ID viewed by 20-inch PMTs
- 22.5kt fid. vol. (2m from wall)
- ~4.5MeV energy threshold
- SK-I: April 1996~
- SK-IV is running

Inner Detector (ID) PMT: ~11100 (SK-I,III,IV), ~5200 (SK-II)
 Outer Detector (OD) PMT: 1885

History of Super-Kamiokande

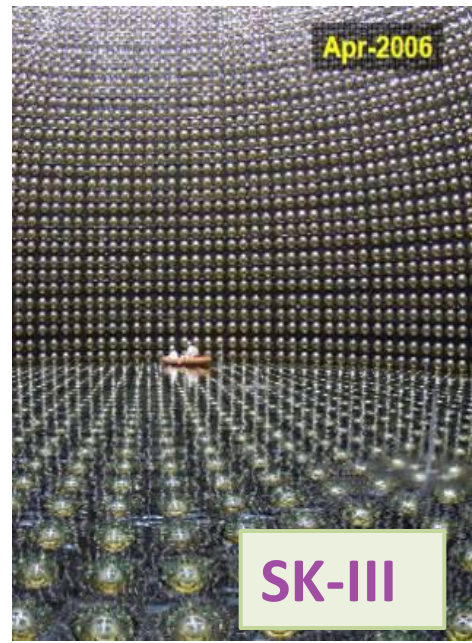
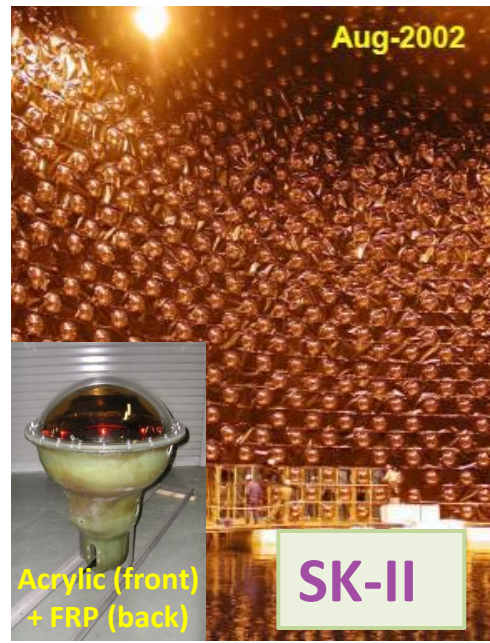
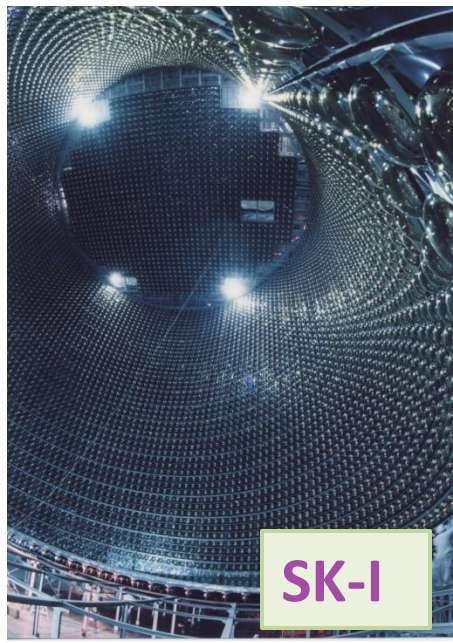


SK-I

SK-II

SK-III

SK-IV



SK-I

SK-II

SK-III

SK-IV

11146 ID PMTs
(40% coverage)

5182 ID PMTs
(19% coverage)

11129 ID PMTs
(40% coverage)

Electronics
Upgrade

Energy Threshold **5.0 MeV**
(Total energy) **~4.5 MeV**
(Kinetic energy)

7.0 MeV
~6.5 MeV

5.0 MeV
~4.5 MeV

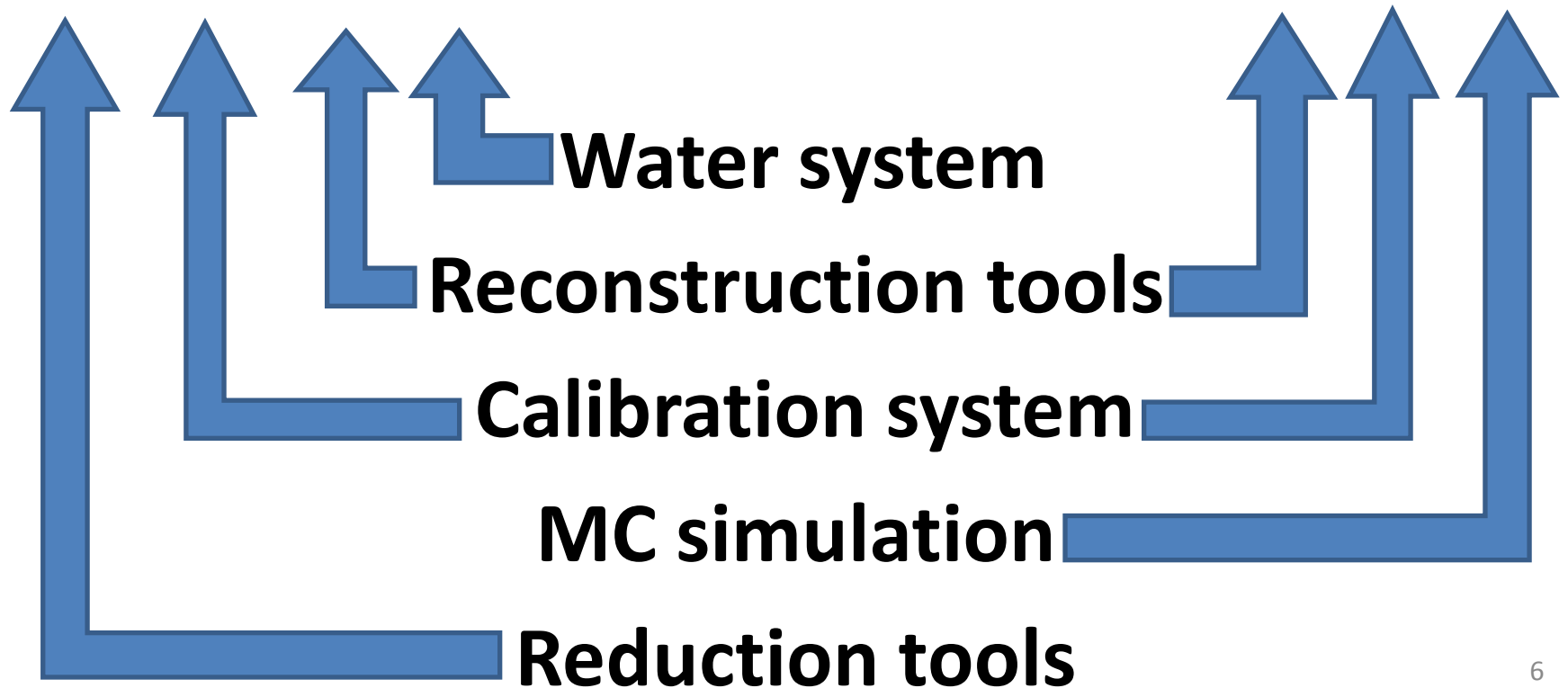
~4.5 MeV < **4.0 MeV**
~4.0 MeV < **~3.5 MeV**
Current Target

Target of SK-III Solar ν analysis

- > Observation of upturn (MSW in Sun)
- > Oscillation parameters (2f and 3f analysis)

Reduce Low energy BG ~70%

Improve Systematics ~50%

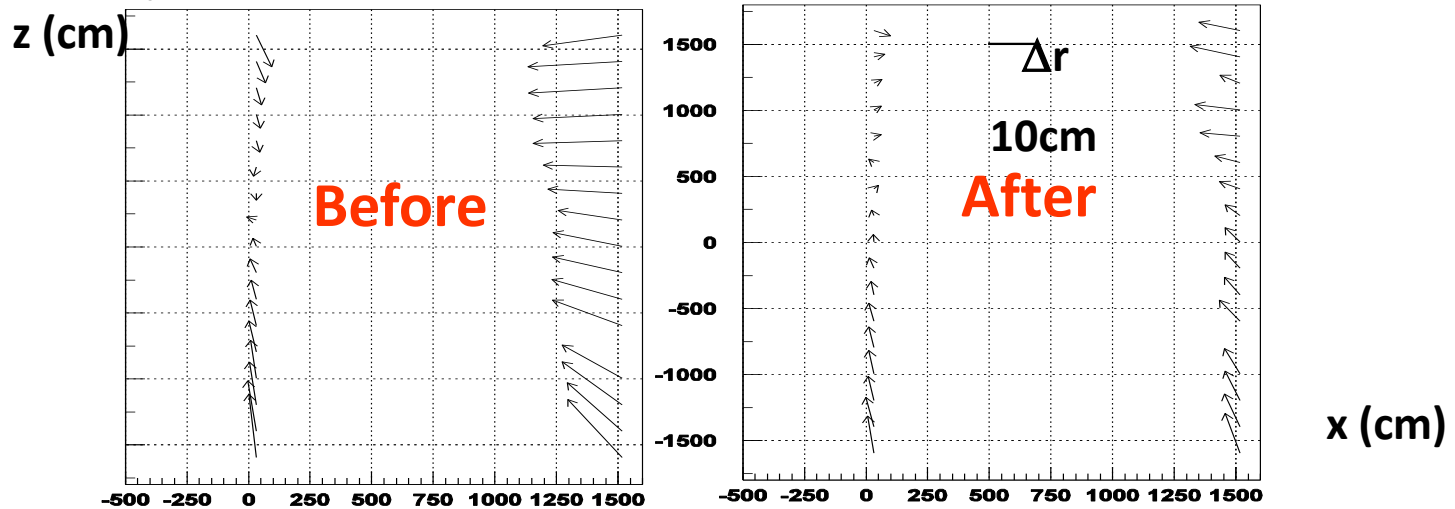


Timing Calibration improvement

New hit timing correction is installed.

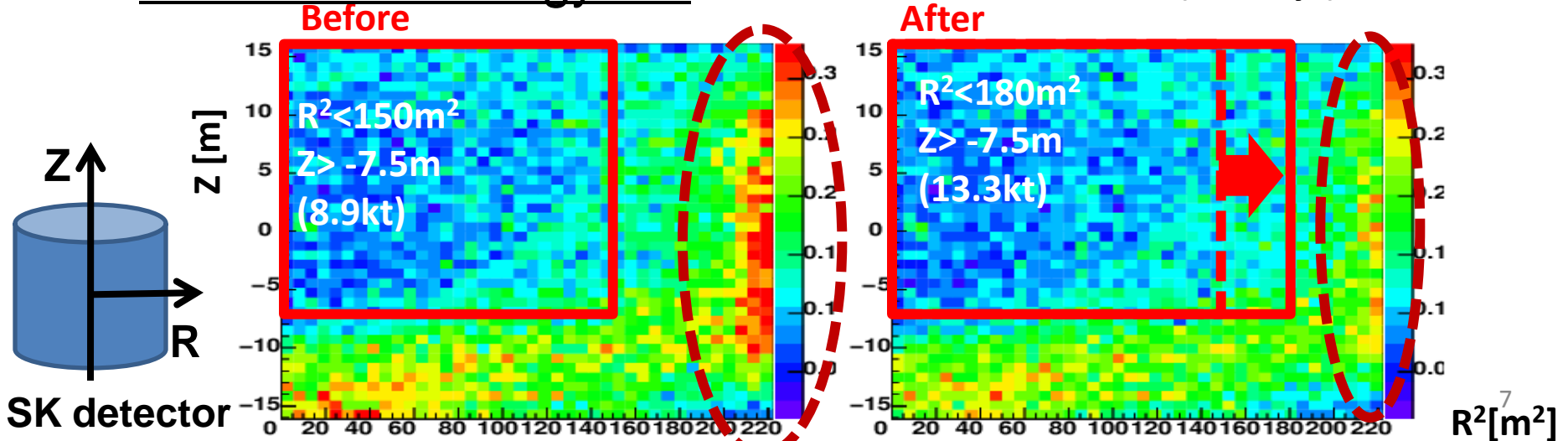
Electronics linearity is corrected by this correction

Improve systematics (vertex shift)



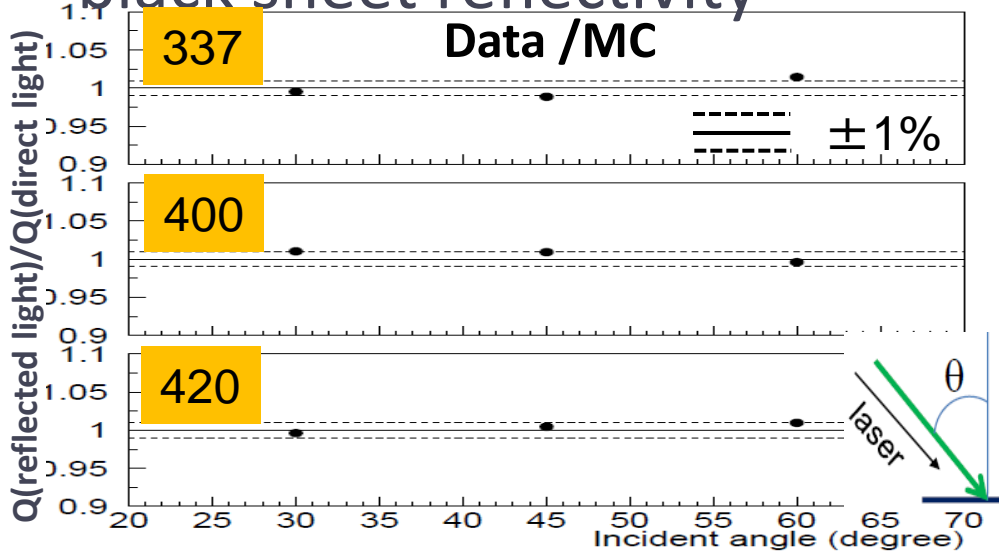
Reduce low energy BG

R31851-33899(192days) 5-20 MeV



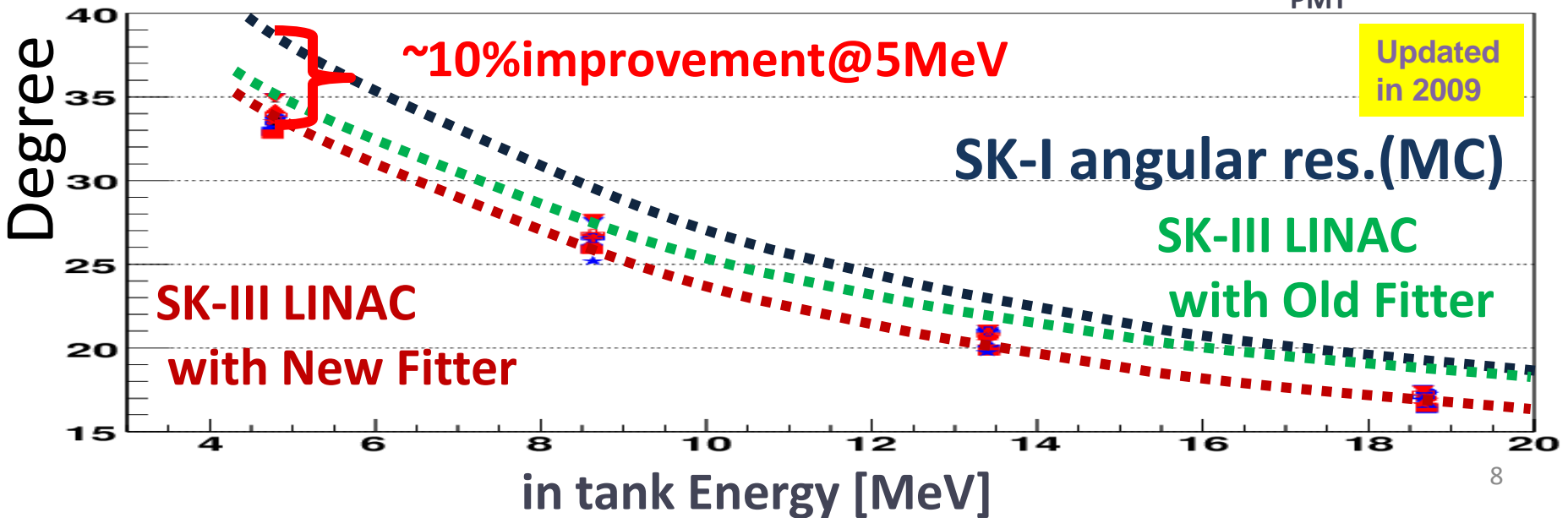
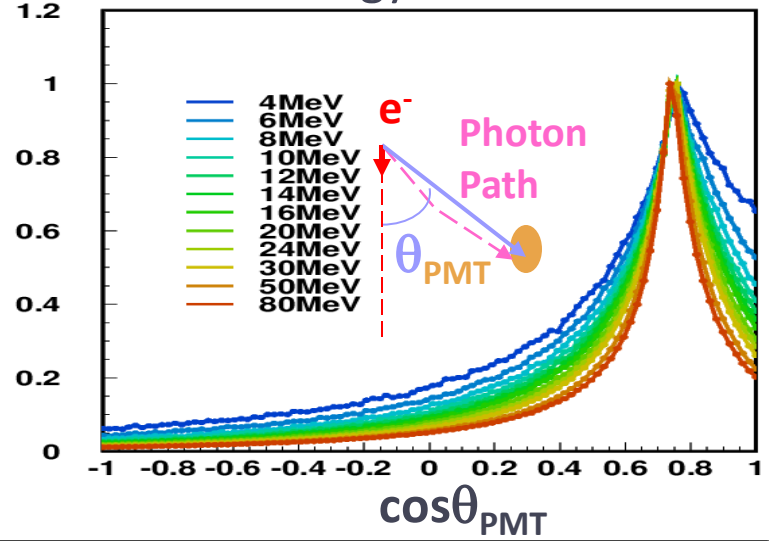
Angular reconstruction

Calibration & MC tuning:
black sheet reflectivity



Improving direction fitter

Made likelihood functions for different energy bins from MC



Systematic uncertainties on total flux

	SK-III	SK-I *
Energy scale	+/-1.4	} +/-1.6
Energy resolution	+/-0.2	
8B spectrum shape	+/-0.2	+1.1/-1.0
Trigger efficiency	+/-0.5	+0.4/-0.3
Vertex shift	+/-0.54	+/-1.3
Reduction	+/-0.65	} +2.1/-1.6
Small cluster hits cut	+/-0.5	
Spallation cut	+/-0.2	+/-0.2
External event cut	+/-0.25	+/-0.5
Background shape	+/-0.1	+/-0.1
Angular resolution	+/-0.67	} +/-1.2
Signal extraction method	+/-0.7	
Cross section	+/-0.5	+/-0.5
Live time calculation	+/-0.1	+/-0.1
Total	+/-2.1	+3.5/-3.2%

Preliminary

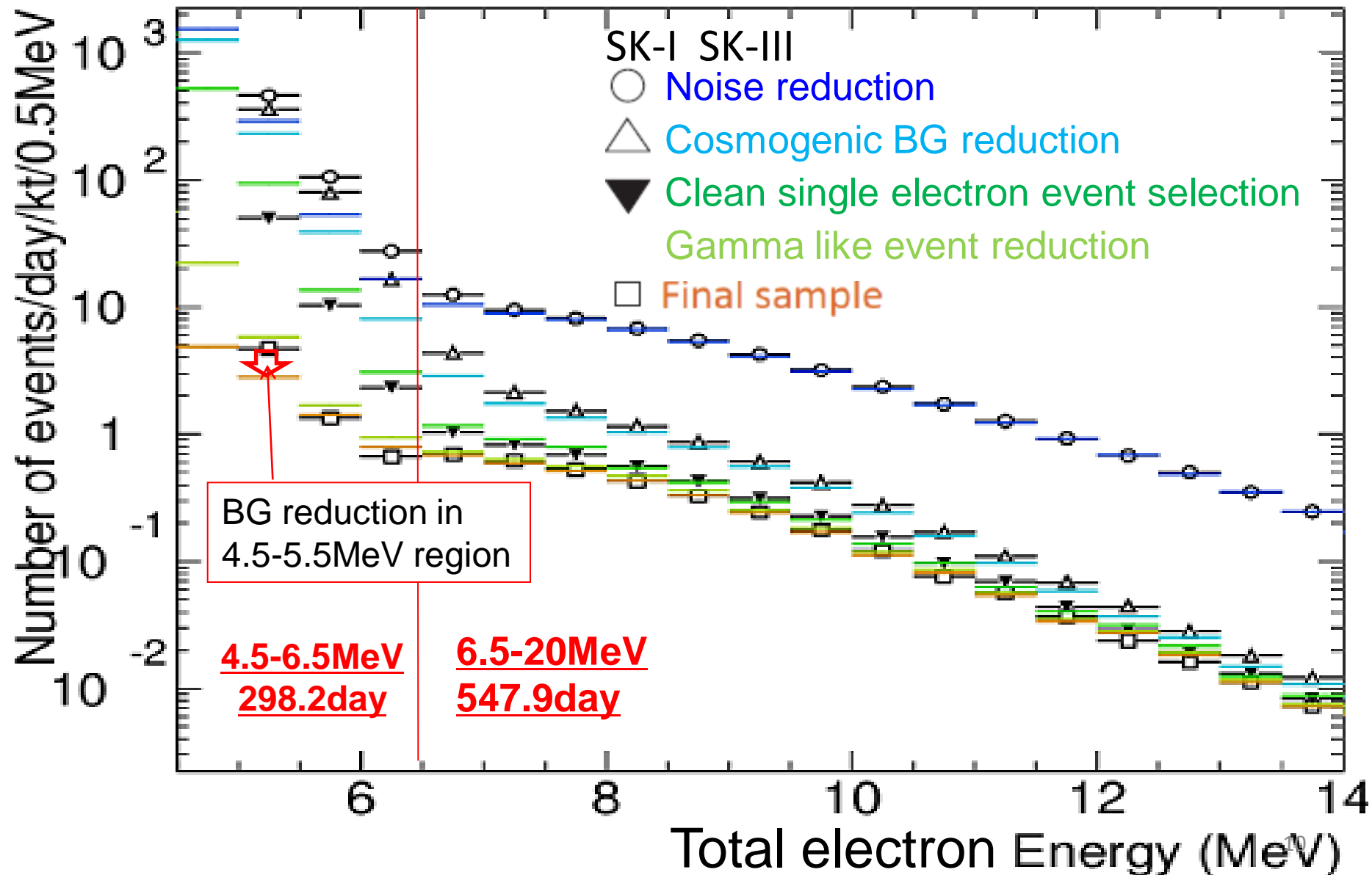
Energy region:
E_{total}=5.0-20.0MeV

The systematic error on total flux of SK-III is reduced by precise calibrations and software improvements

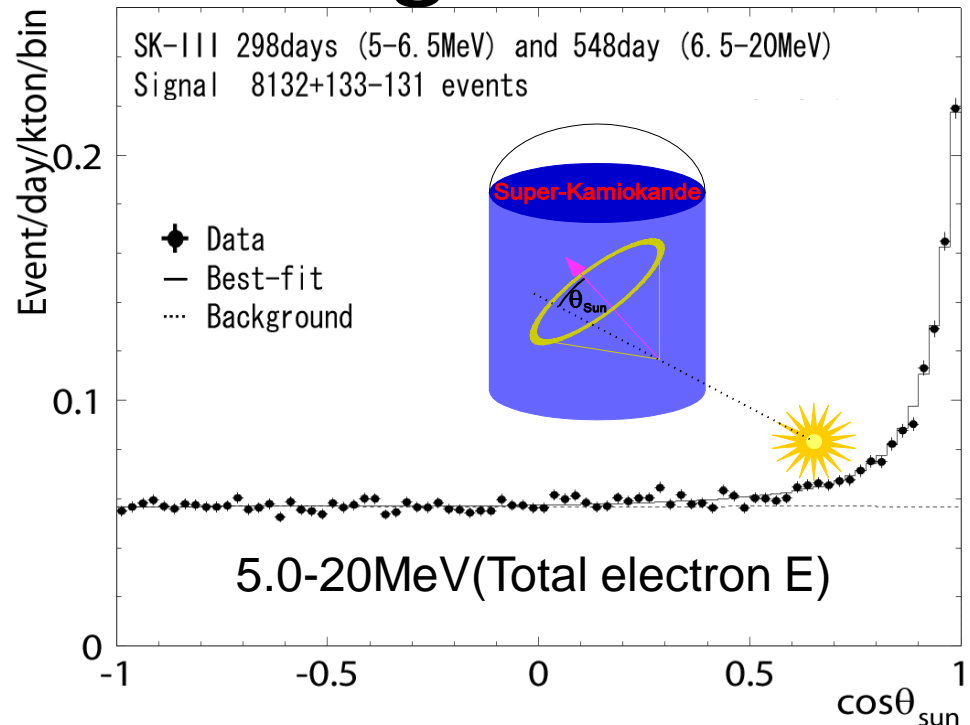
*(PRD73,112001)

Data set & analysis overview

Data taking period: From 2006 Aug to 2008 Aug



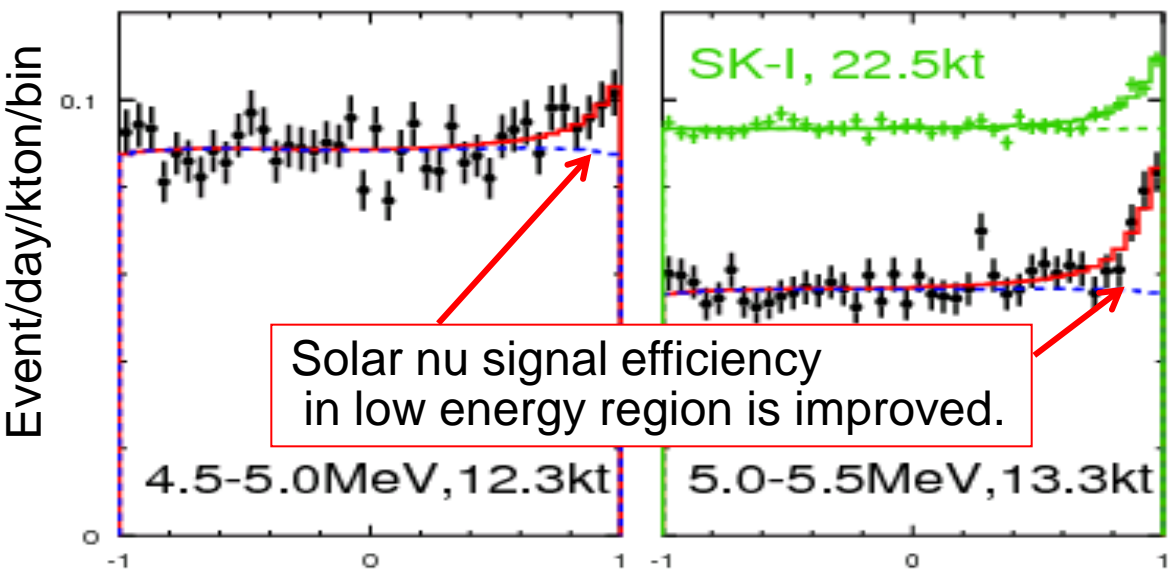
Solar angle distribution



Flux 2.32 ± 0.04 (stat.) ± 0.05 (sys.) $\times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 (with Winter06 B8 spectrum)

SK-I: 2.38 ± 0.02 (sta.) ± 0.08 (sys.) $\times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 SK-II: 2.41 ± 0.05 (sta.) ± 0.16 (sys.) $\times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 (re-fitted with Winter06 spectrum)

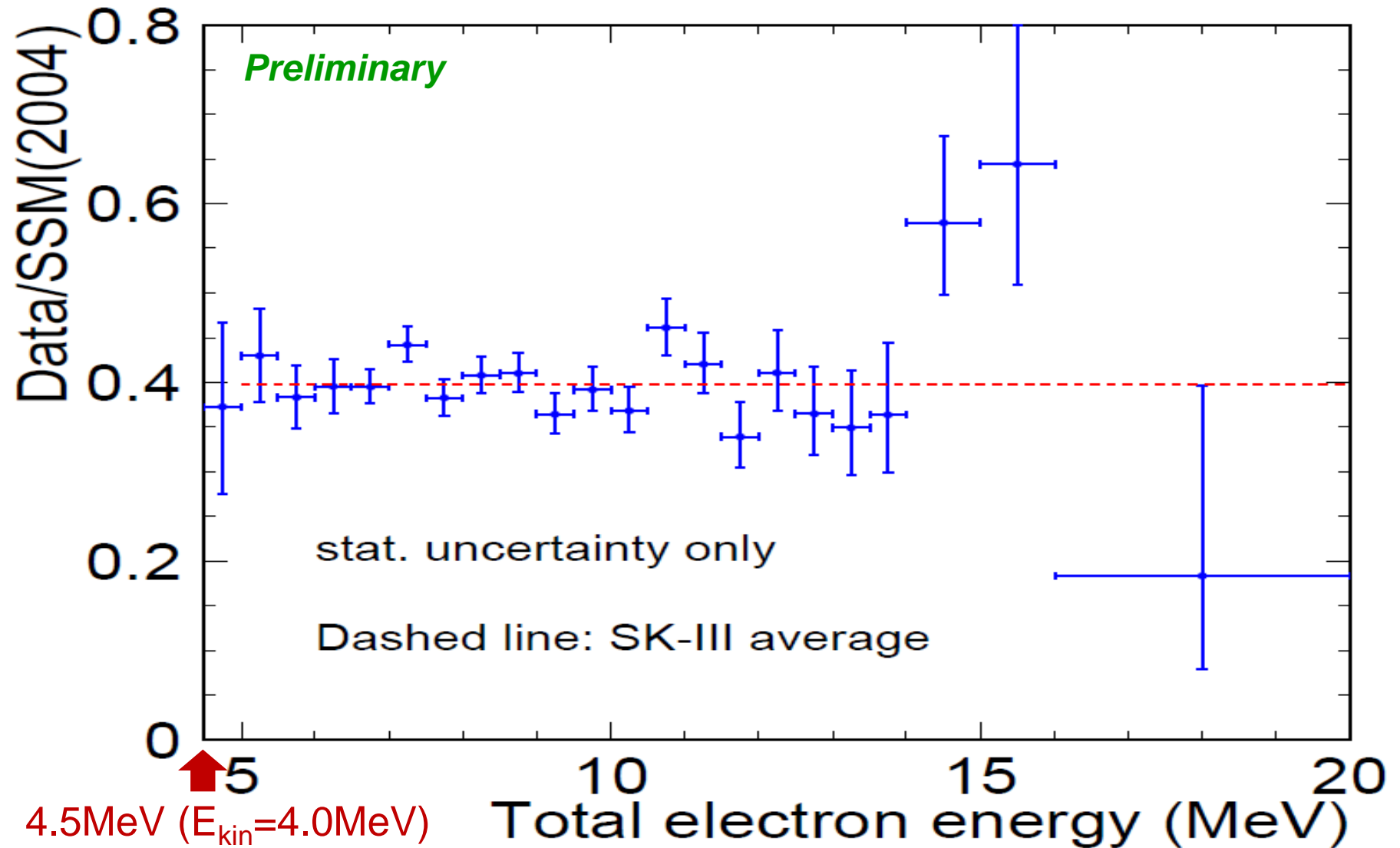
This flux value is the most precise result!



Due to the reduction of low energy BG, the signal to BG ratio improved. Signals in 4.5-5.0MeV can be seen 4σ level.

$4.5 - 5 \text{ MeV} : 232. \pm 59. \text{ event}$
 $2.14^{+0.56}_{-0.54} (\text{stat.}) \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$

SK-III ^8B energy spectrum



■ Consistent with no distortion

■ $E_{\text{total}}=4.5\text{-}5.0\text{MeV}$ data isn't used in the oscillation analysis.

Oscillation analysis

Data set for oscillation analysis

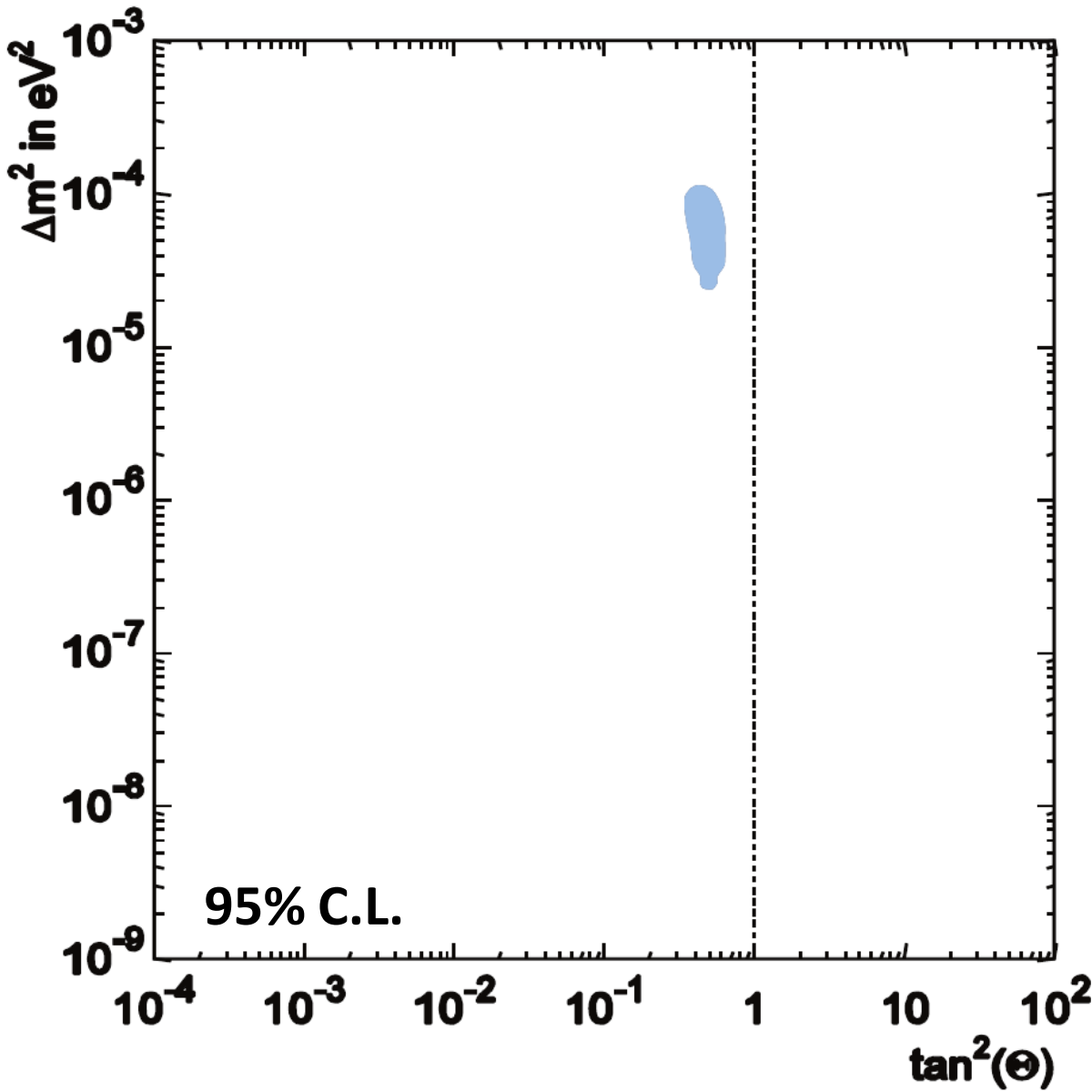
- **SK**
 - SK-I 1496 days, spectrum 5.0-20MeV + D/N : $E \geq 5.0\text{MeV}$
 - SK-II 791 days, spectrum 7.0-20MeV + D/N : $E \geq 7.5\text{MeV}$
 - **SK-III 548 days, spectrum 5.0-20.0MeV + D/N : $E \geq 5.0\text{MeV}$**
- **SNO**
 - **CC flux (Phase-I & II & III)**
 - **NC flux (Phase-III & LETA combined) (= $(5.14 \pm 0.21) 10^6 \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$)**
 - **Day/Night asymmetry (Phase-I & II)**
- **Radiochemical : Cl, Ga**
 - **Ga rate: 66.1 ± 3.1 SNU (All Ga global) (PRC80, 015807(2009))**
 - Cl rate: 2.56 ± 0.23 (Astrophys. J. 496 (1998) 505)
- **Borexino**
 - **^7Be rate: 48 ± 4 cpd/100tons (PRL101, 091302(2008))**
- **KamLAND : 2008**
- ^8B spectrum : **Winter(2006)**
- SSM BP2004

updates since our previous oscillation analysis (PRD78,032002(2008))

(Need to add SNO spectrum information.)

2-flavor SK-I/II/III with flux constraint

Preliminary



$$\Delta m^2 = 6.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$$
$$\tan^2 \theta = 0.48$$
$$\Phi_{B8} = 5.2 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

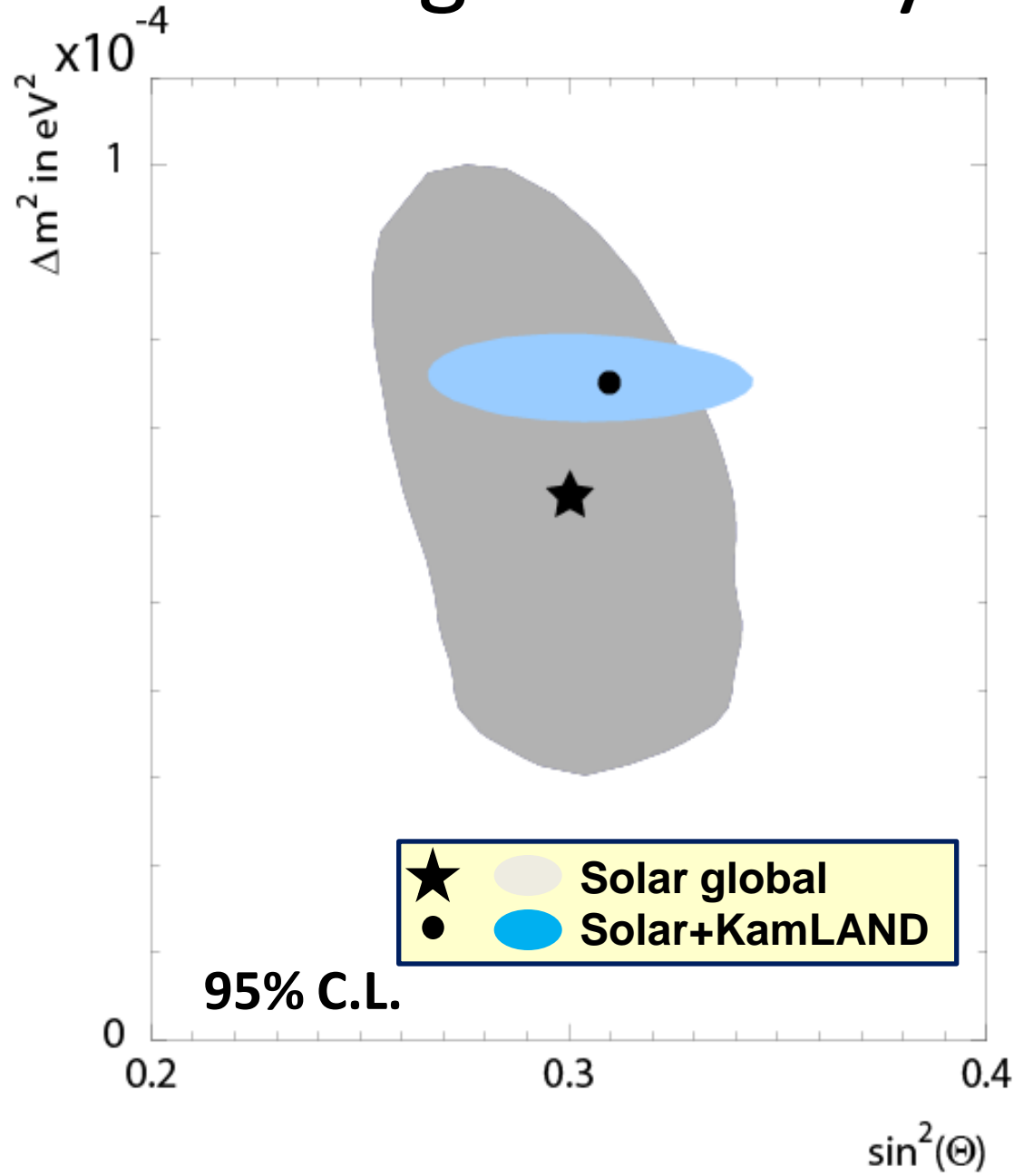
B8 rate is constrained by
SNO(NCD+LETA) NC flux
 $= (5.14 \pm 0.21) 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

hep rate is constrained by
SSM flux and
uncertainty(16%).

Only LMA solution

2-flavor global analysis

Preliminary



Solar global:

$$\Delta m^2 = 6.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = 0.30$$

$$\Phi_{B8} = 5.3 \pm 0.2 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Solar global + KamLAND:

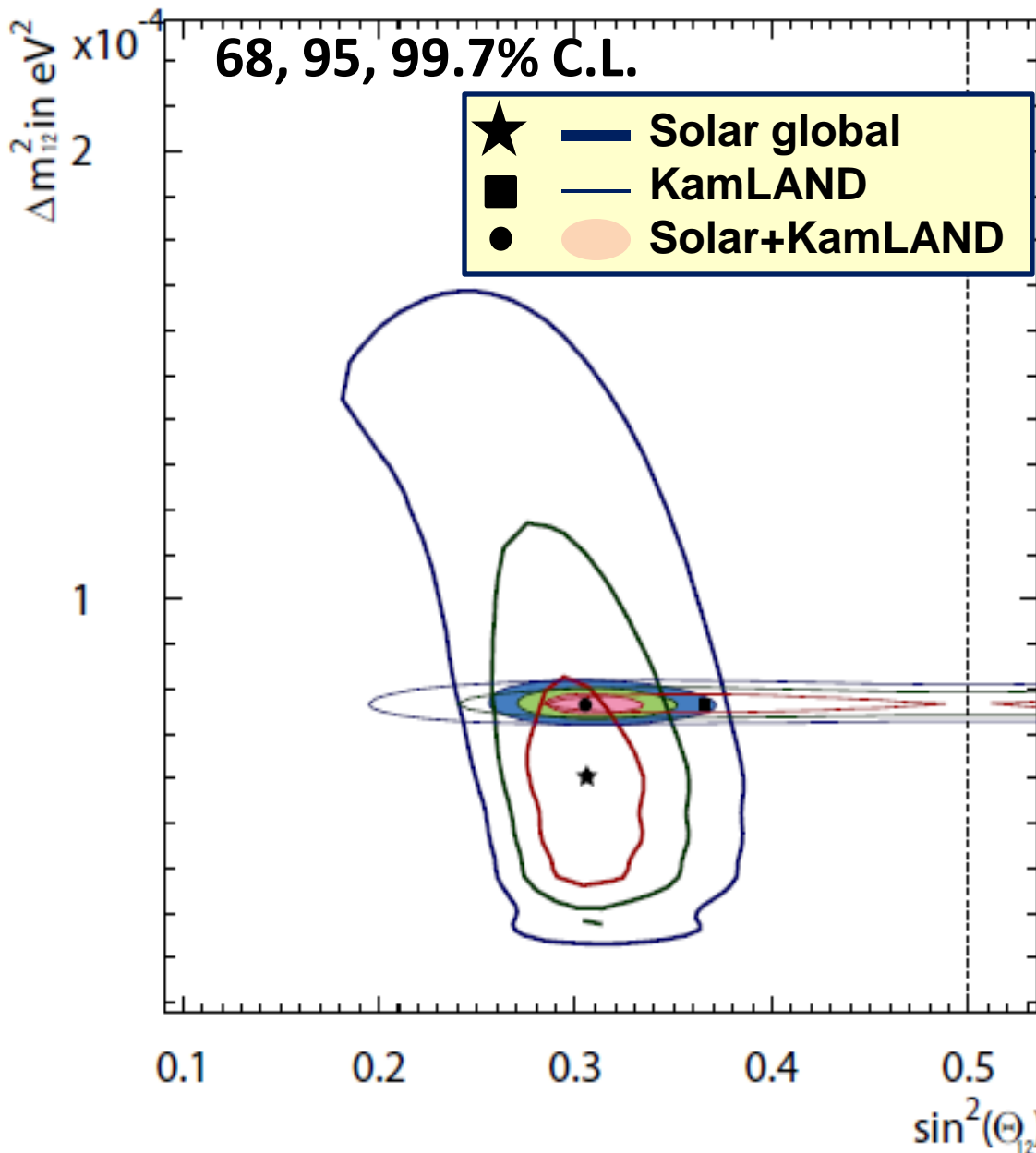
$$\Delta m^2 = 7.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = 0.31$$

$$\Phi_{B8} = 5.1 \pm 0.1 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

3-flavor analysis: $\theta_{12} - \Delta m_{12}^2$

Preliminary



Solar global:

$$\Delta m^2 = 6.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{12} = 0.31$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} = 0.010$$

$$\Phi_{B8} = 5.3 \pm 0.2 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Solar global + KamLAND:

$$\Delta m^2 = 7.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$$

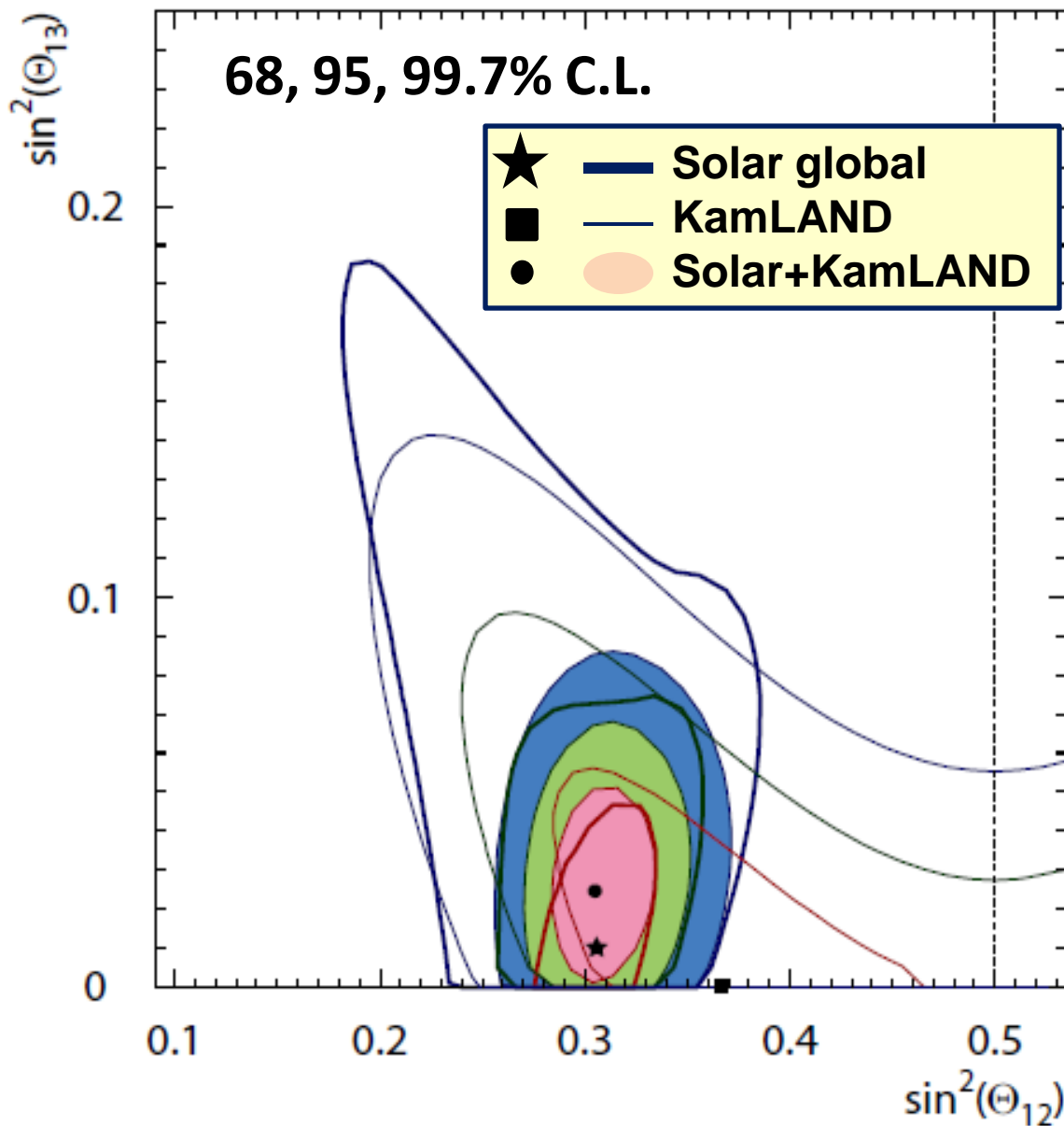
$$\sin^2 \theta_{12} = 0.31$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} = 0.025$$

$$\Phi_{B8} = 5.3^{+0.1}_{-0.2} \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

3-flavor analysis: $\theta_{12} - \theta_{13}$

Preliminary



Solar global:

$$\sin^2\theta_{13} < 0.060$$

@95% C.L.

Solar global + KamLAND:

$$\sin^2\theta_{13} = 0.025^{+0.018}_{-0.016}$$

(<0.059 @95% C.L.)

Cf. PRC81, 055504 (2010)
 $\sin^2\theta_{13} = 0.020^{+0.021}_{-0.016}$
(<0.057 @95% C.L.)

Summary

- The result of solar neutrino measurement in SK-III is summarized.
- With improved calibrations, simulation, and analysis methods, the systematic uncertainty on the total neutrino flux is estimated to be 2.1%.
- Total flux (5.0-20MeV): 2.32 ± 0.04 (stat.) ± 0.05 (sys.) $10^6 \text{ cm}^2\text{sec}^{-1}$
- Reduce low energy BG successfully.
- Oscillation analysis:

– Two Flavor

$$\sin^2 \theta_{12} = 0.31 \pm 0.01 \times 0.01, \Delta m_{21}^2 = 7.6 \pm 0.2 \times 10^5 \text{eV}^2$$

– Three Flavor

$$\sin^2 \theta_{12} = 0.31 \pm 0.02 \times 0.01, \Delta m_{21}^2 = 7.7 \pm 0.2 \times 10^5 \text{eV}^2$$

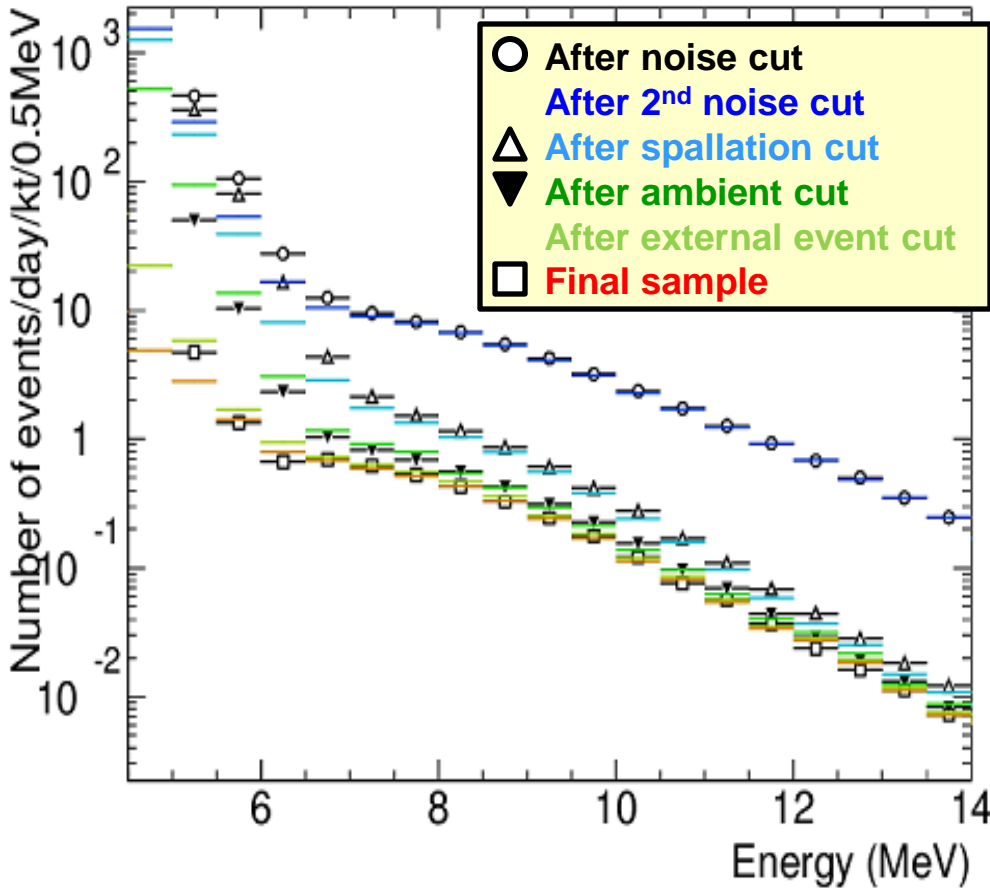
$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} = 0.025^{+0.018}_{-0.016}, < 0.059 @95\% \text{ C.L.}$$

Data reduction in SK-III & -I

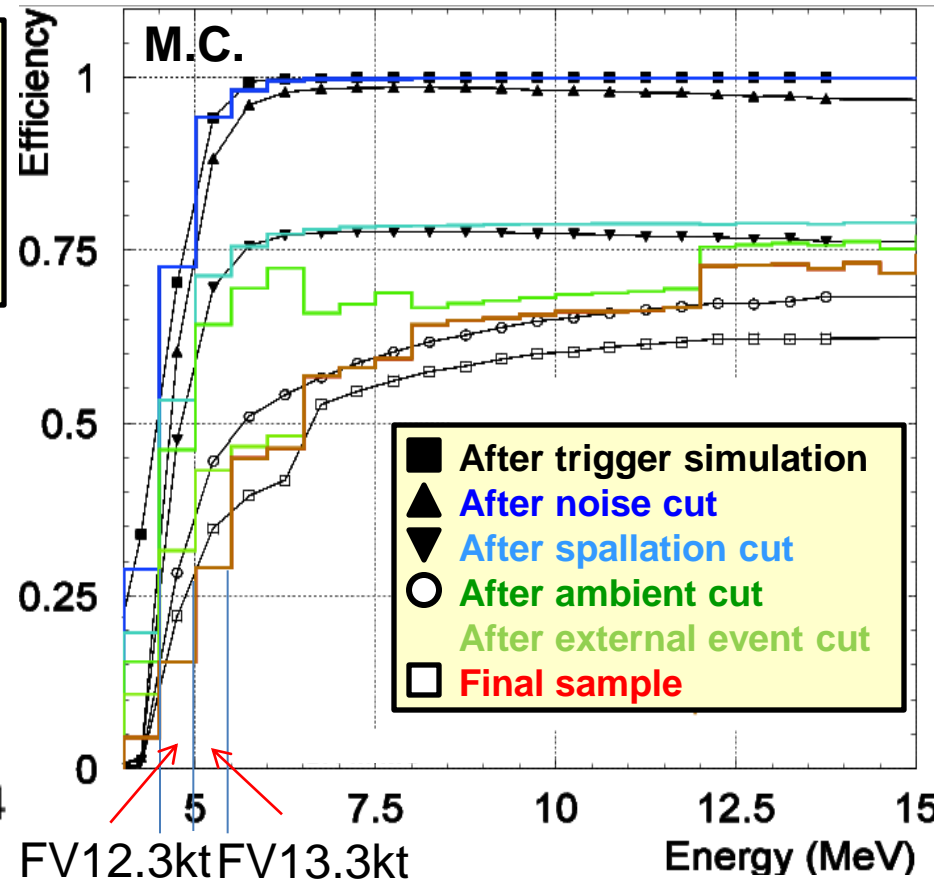
SK-III(color) SK-I(B&W)

May 2010

Event rates of SK-III & -I data

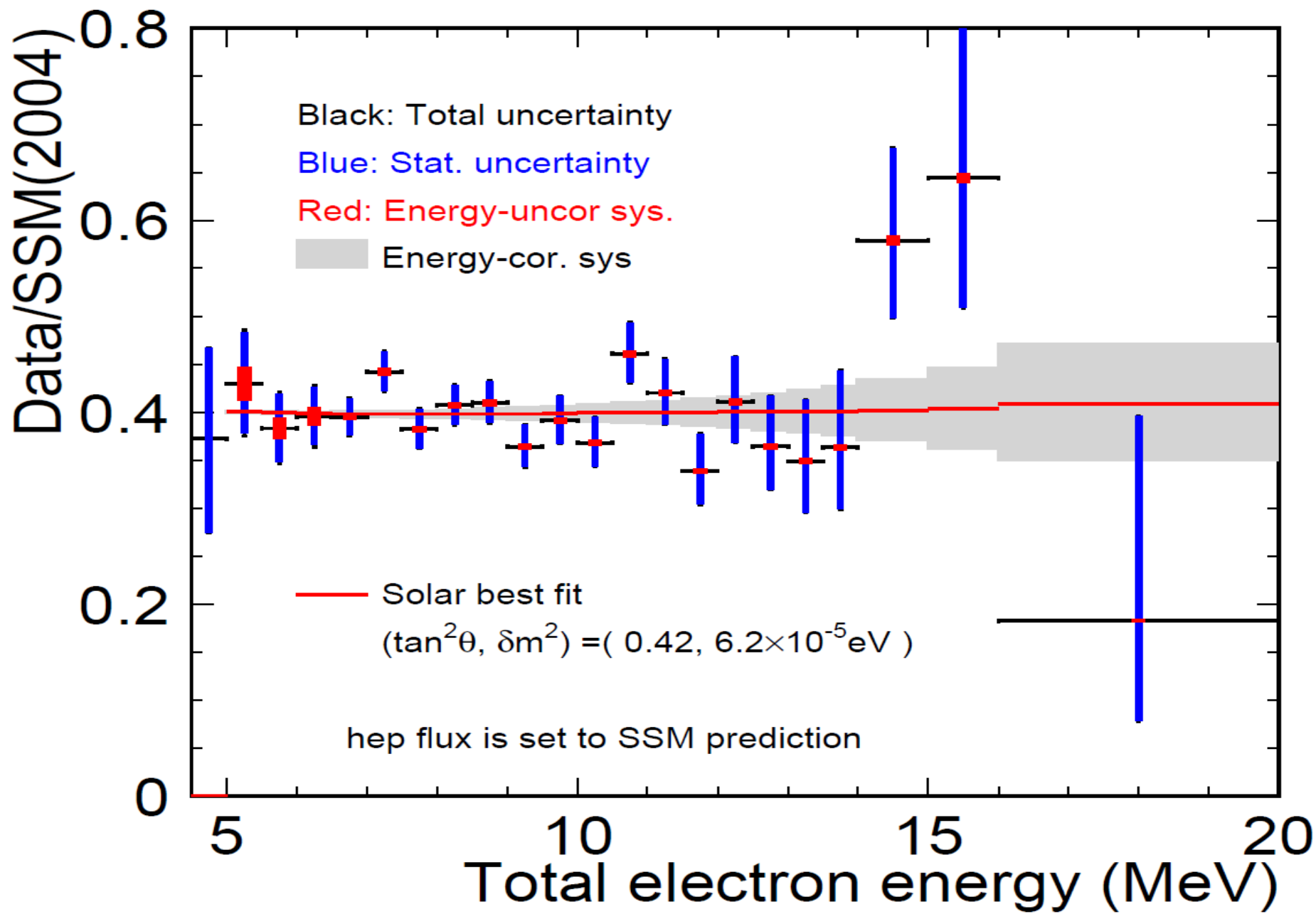


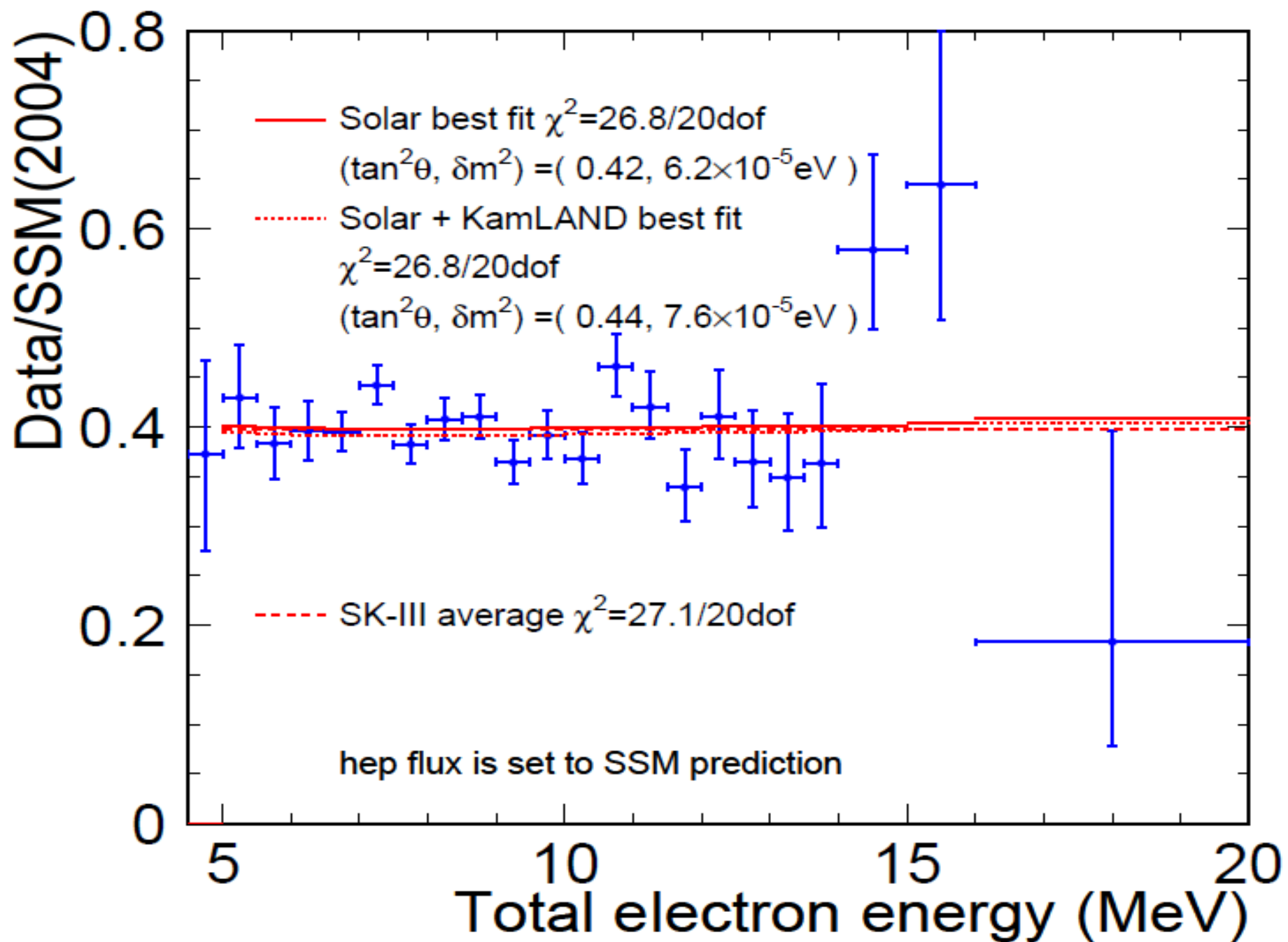
Reduction efficiency in 22.5kt



- $E_{\text{total}} > 5.5 \text{ MeV}$, SK-III has higher efficiency.
- $E_{\text{total}} < 5.5 \text{ MeV}$, event rate in SK-III is lower than SK-I.

DATA/SSM





SK-III low-energy data set

- SK-III period: 2006/8/5-2008/8/18
- Total live time : 548 days, $E_{\text{total}} \geq 6.5 \text{ MeV}$
289 days, $E_{\text{total}} < 6.5 \text{ MeV}$
 - LE only: 2006/8/5-2007/1/24, 100% trig. eff. @6.5MeV
 - Live time = 122 days
 - SLE1: 2007/1/24-2008/4/17, 100% @5.0MeV
 - Live time = 332 days ($E < 6.5 \text{ MeV}$: 211days)
 - SLE2: 2008/4/17-2008/8/18, ~100% @4.5MeV
 - Live time = 95 days ($E < 6.5 \text{ MeV}$: 88days)
 - For $E < 6.5 \text{ MeV}$ data sample, high background rate periods due to bad water condition are rejected.
- Energy region for solar ν osc. analysis: $E_{\text{total}} = 5.0-20.0 \text{ MeV}$

SK-III solar neutrino results

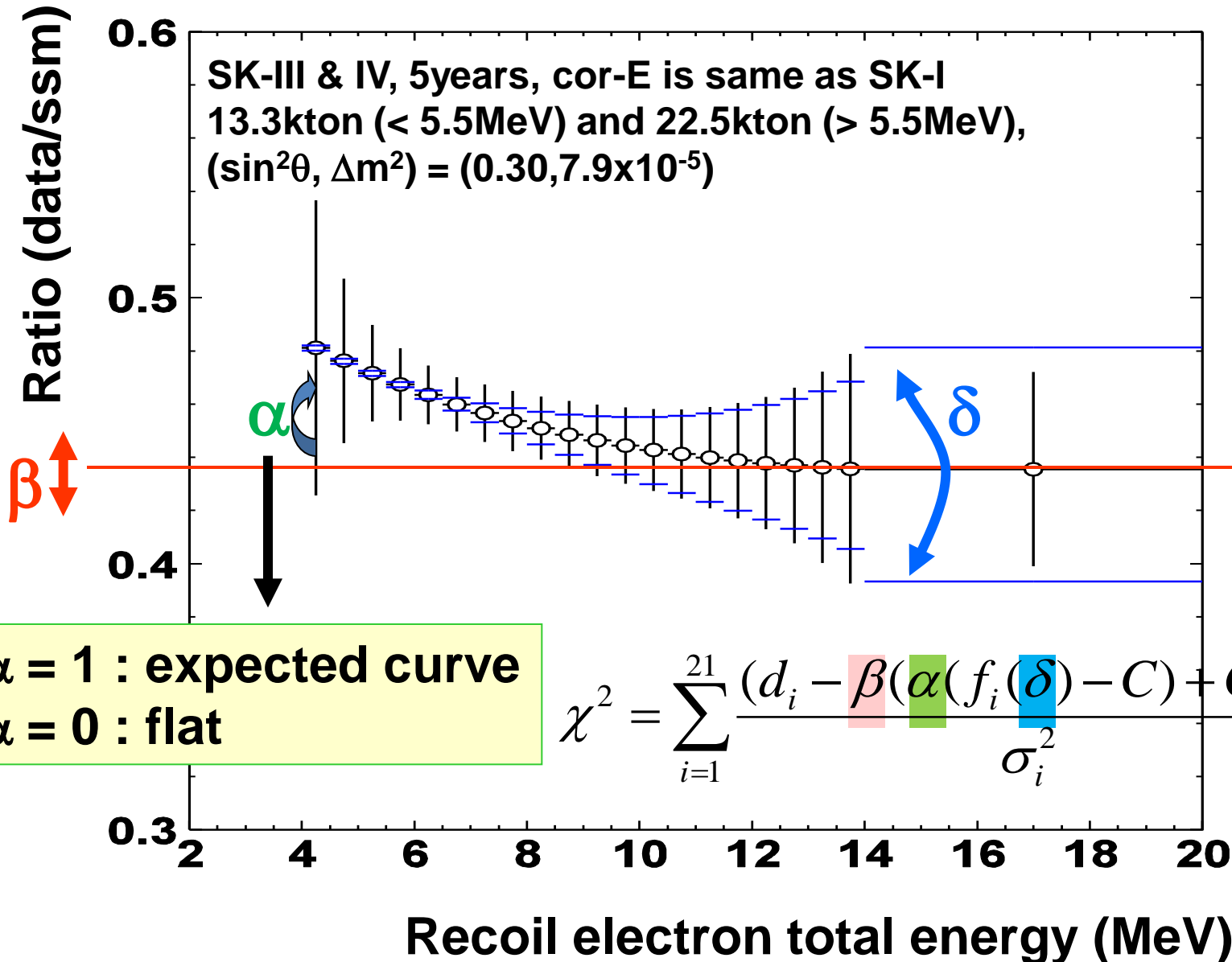
May 2010

Preliminary

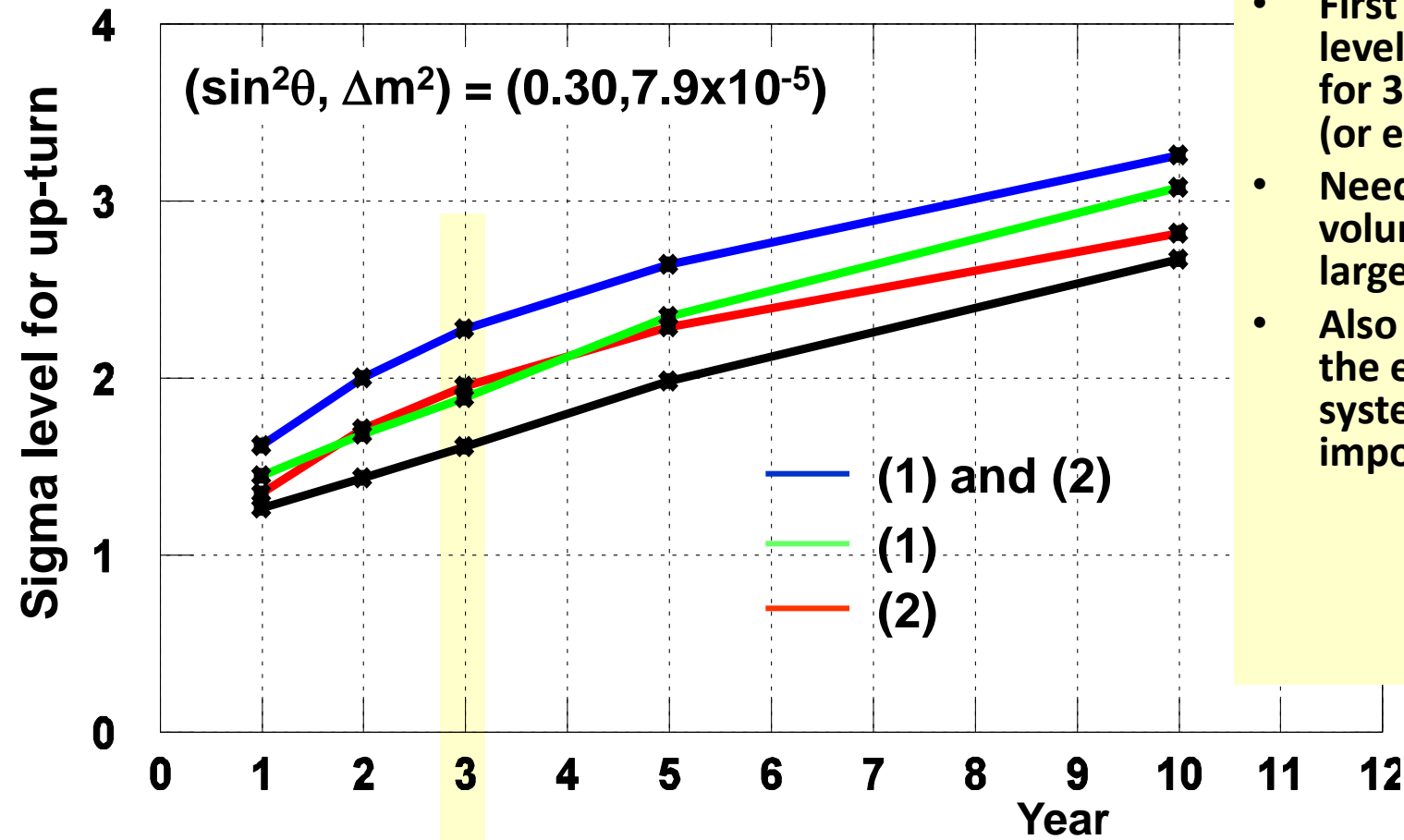
- Total live time : 548 days, $E_{\text{total}} \geq 6.5 \text{ MeV}$
289 days, $E_{\text{total}} < 6.5 \text{ MeV}$
- Energy region: $E_{\text{total}} = 5.0 - 20.0 \text{ MeV}$
- ^8B Flux: $2.32 \pm 0.04(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst.})$ ($\times 10^6/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$)
 - SK-I: $2.38 \pm 0.02(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst.})$
 - SK-II: $2.41 \pm 0.05(\text{stat.}) + 0.16 / -0.15(\text{syst.})$
(SK-I,II are recalculated with the Winter06 ^8B spectrum)
- Day / Night ratio:

$$A_{DN} = \frac{(\Phi_{\text{Day}} - \Phi_{\text{Night}})}{(\Phi_{\text{Day}} + \Phi_{\text{Night}}) / 2} = -0.056 \pm 0.031(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.013(\text{syst.})$$

Upturn sensitivity calculation



Sensitivity of the upturn measurement



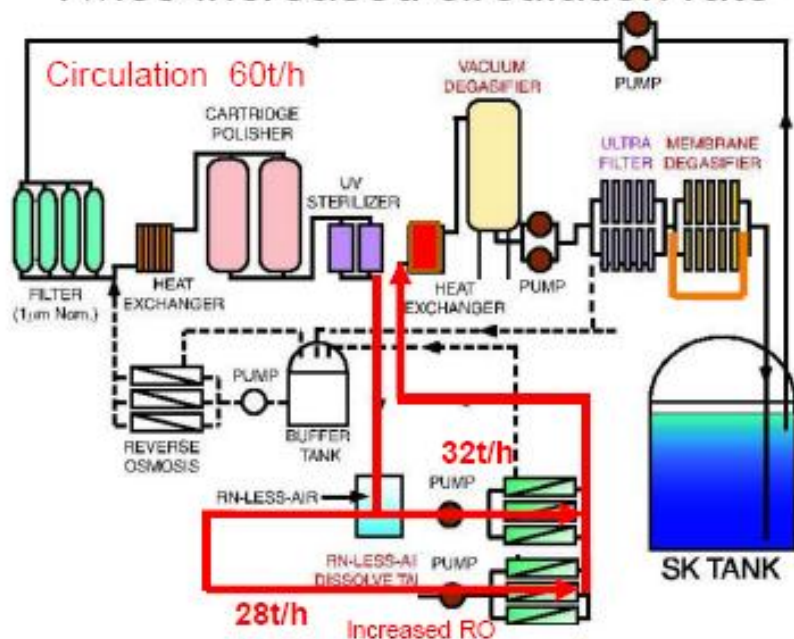
- First target : 2 sigma level up-tern discovery for 3 years observation. (or exclude the up-tern)
- Need to enlarge fiducial volume with low BG as large as possible
- Also the reduction of the energy correlated systematic error is important.

(1) Enlarge fiducial volume to 22.5kton with low B.G.

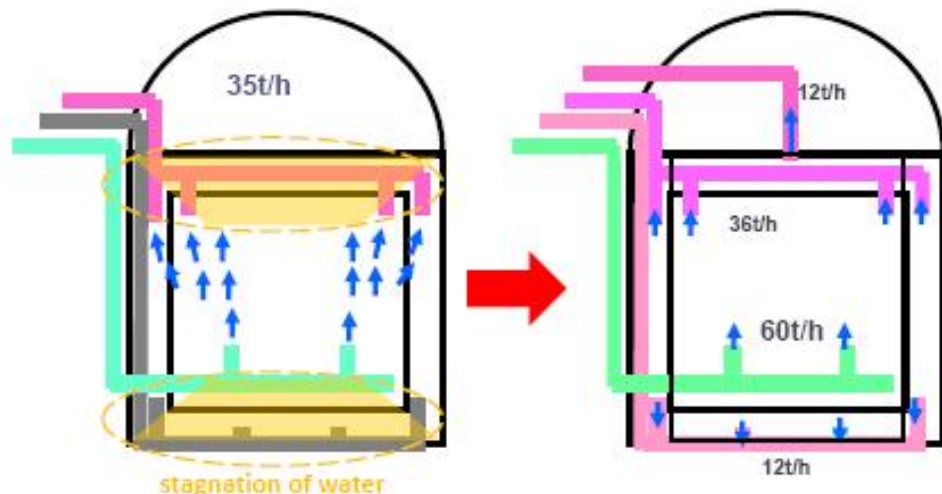
(2) Half energy correlated systematic error as SK-1.

The black line shows the 13.3kton (<5.5MeV), 22.5kton (>5.5MeV) fiducial volume with the same energy correlated error as SK-1

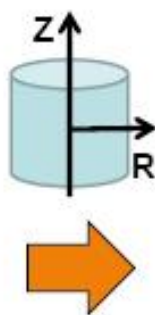
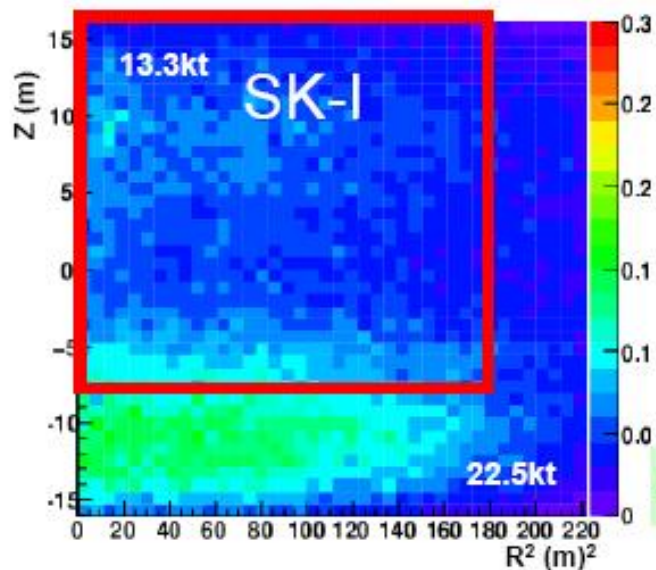
Twice increased circulation rate



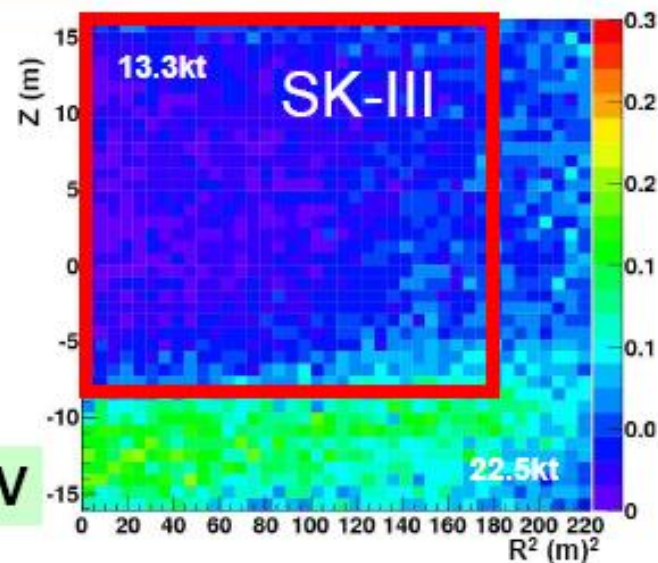
Optimized water flow in the tank



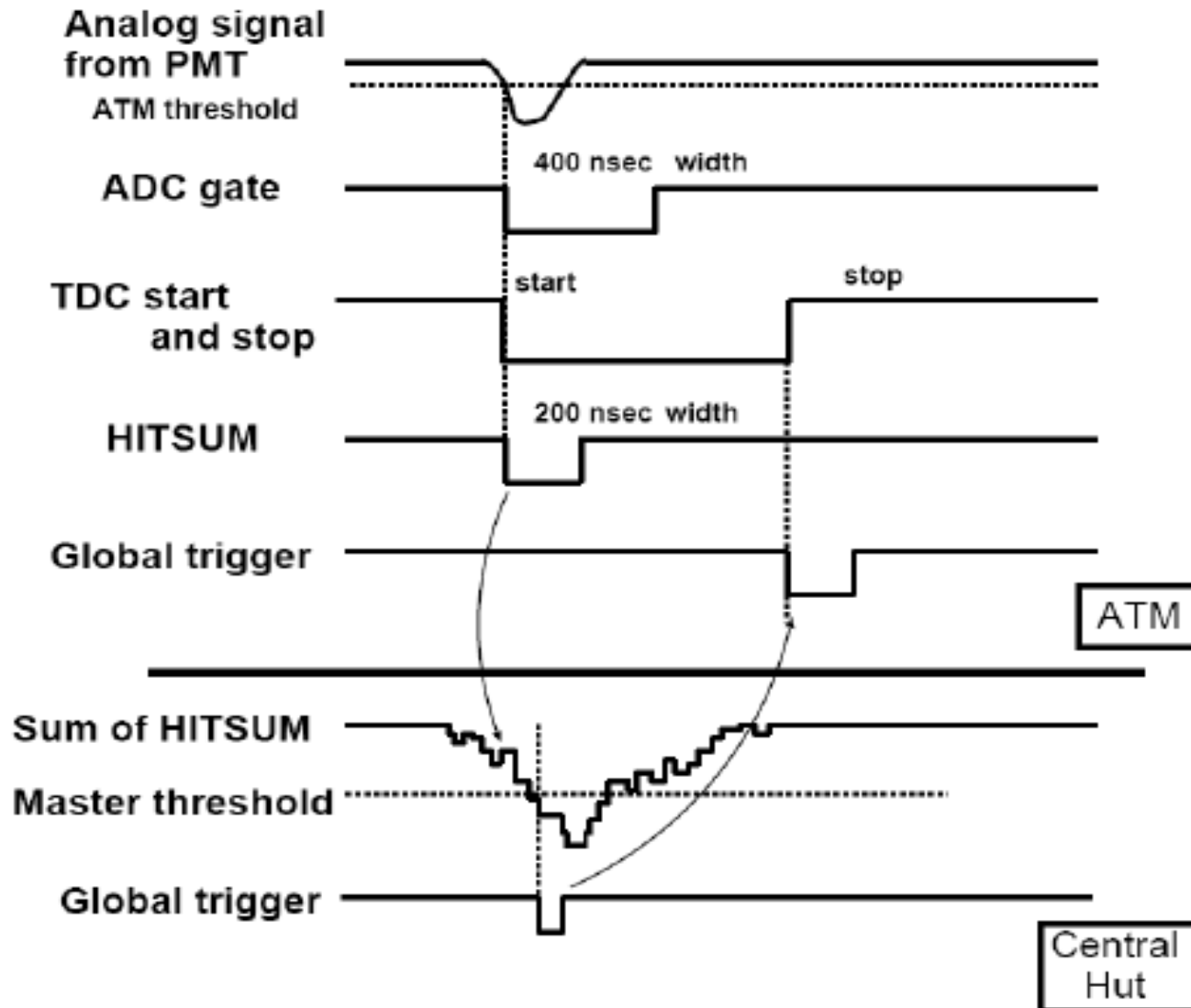
Vertex distribution (mainly BG)



5.0-5.5MeV



Definition of hit timing



Definition of SK χ^2

Stat.+Energy-uncorrelated sys Energy correlated sys. Spectrum fit

$$\chi^2 = \sum_p^{N_{phase}} \left(\sum_i^{N_{bin,p}} \frac{(d_{i,p} - \rho_{i,p})^2}{\sigma_{i,p}^2} + \delta_{S,p}^2 + \delta_{R,p}^2 \right) + \delta_B^2 + \frac{(\beta - \beta_{NC})^2}{\sigma_{NC}^2} + \frac{(\eta - 1)^2}{\sigma_{hep}^2}$$

$$+ \sum_p^{N_{phase}} \Delta\chi_{t.v.,p}^2(\beta, \eta, \delta_B, \delta_{S,p}, \delta_{R,p})$$

Time variation

B^8 rate is constrained by SNO NC flux

hep rate is constrained by SSM flux and uncertainty.

oscillated/unoscillated of 8B (*hep*) flux

$$d_i = \frac{\text{Data}_i}{^8B_i^{SSM} + hep_i^{SSM}}, \quad \rho_i = \frac{\beta b_i + \eta h_i}{f_i}$$

$$b_i = \frac{^8B_i^{osc}(\Delta m^2, \tan^2 \theta)}{^8B_i^{SSM} + hep_i^{SSM}}, \quad h_i = \frac{hep_i^{osc}(\Delta m^2, \tan^2 \theta)}{^8B_i^{SSM} + hep_i^{SSM}}$$

correlation function

8B spectrum shape

energy scale

energy resolution

$$f_i(\delta_B, \delta_S, \delta_R) = f_i^B(\delta_B) \times f_i^S(\delta_S) \times f_i^R(\delta_R)$$

β, η and δs are chosen to minimize the spectrum fit χ^2 .

Definition of χ^2 s

SK spectrum+SNO flux fit

$$\chi_{SK+SNO}^2 = \sum_p^{N_{phase}} \left(\sum_i^{N_{bin,p}} \frac{(d_{i,p} - \rho_{i,p})^2}{\sigma_{i,p}^2} + \delta_{S,p}^2 + \delta_{R,p}^2 \right) + \delta_B^2 + \frac{(\eta - 1)^2}{\sigma_{hep}^2} + \chi_{SNO,flux}^2(\beta, \eta)$$

$$+ \sum_p^{N_{phase}} \Delta\chi_{t.v.,p}^2(\beta, \eta, \delta_B, \delta_{S,p}, \delta_{R,p}) + \sum_{p=1}^2 \frac{(ADN_{CC}^p - ADN_{prde}^p(\beta, \eta))^2}{(\sigma_{ADN}^p)^2}$$

SK Time variation SNO CC flux Day/Night asymmetry

$$\chi_{SNO,flux}^2(\beta, \eta) = \sum_{p=1}^3 \frac{(D_{CC}^p - (\beta B_{CC}^p + \eta H_{CC}^p))^2}{(\sigma_{cc}^p)^2} + \frac{(D_{NC} - (\beta B_{SSM} + \eta H_{SSM}))^2}{(\sigma_{NC})^2}$$

β , η and δ s are chosen to minimize (SK spectrum+SNO flux fit) χ^2 .

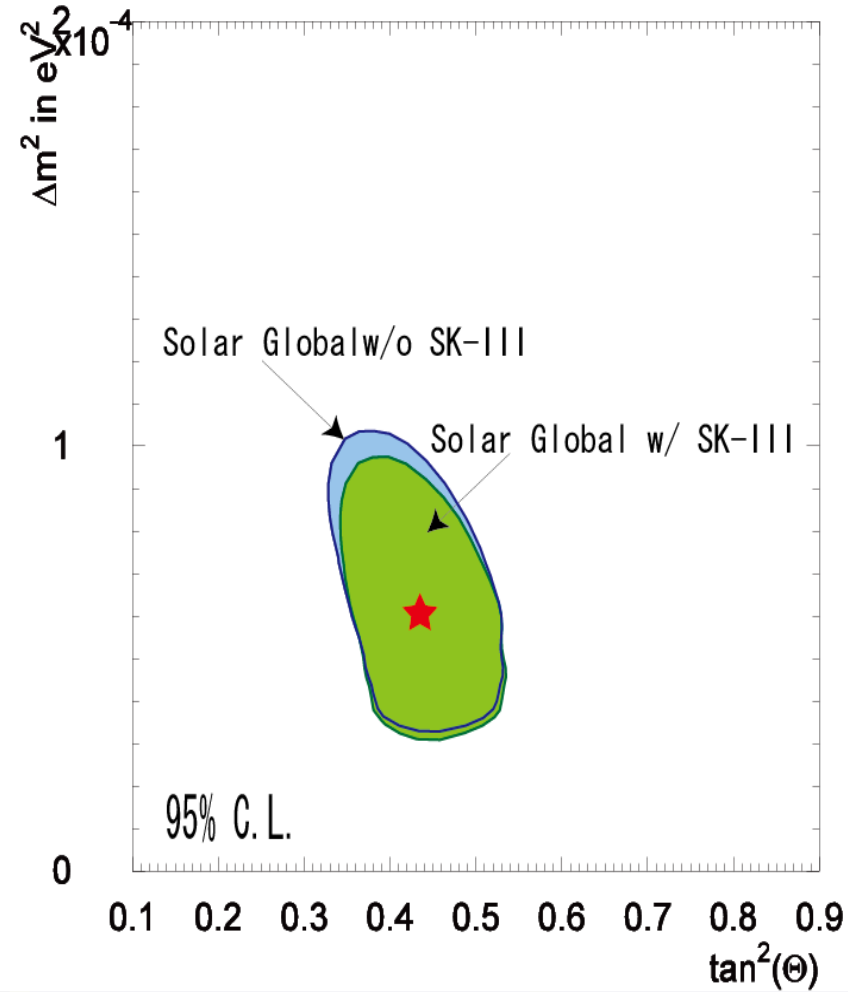
$$\chi_{GaCl}^2 = \sum_{n,m=1}^{N(=2)} (R_n^{expt} - R_n^{theor}) [\sigma_{nm}^2]^{-1} (R_m^{expt} - R_m^{theor})$$

Ga/Cl

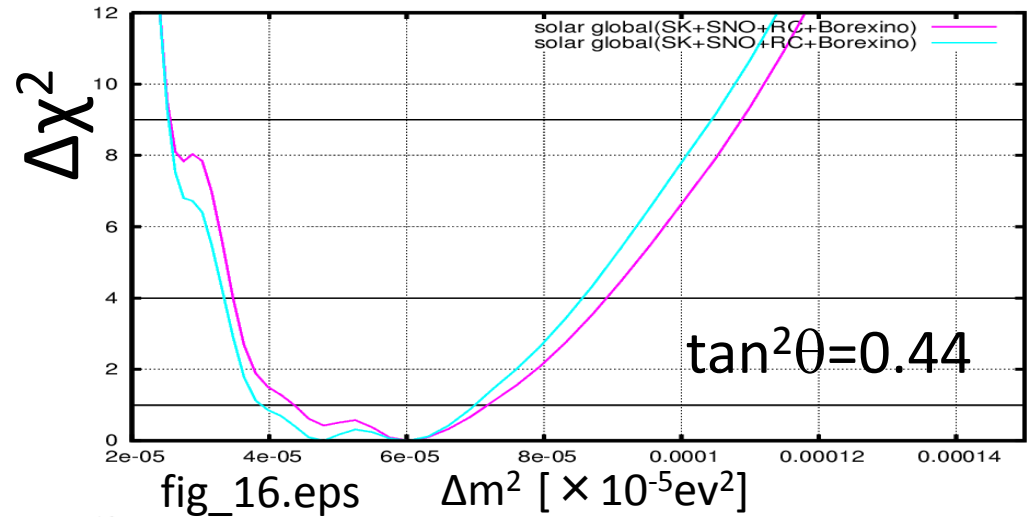
$$\chi_{GaClBorexino}^2 = \sum_{n,m=1}^{N(=3)} (R_n^{expt} - R_n^{theor}) [\sigma_{nm}^2]^{-1} (R_m^{expt} - R_m^{theor})$$

Ga/Cl/Borexino

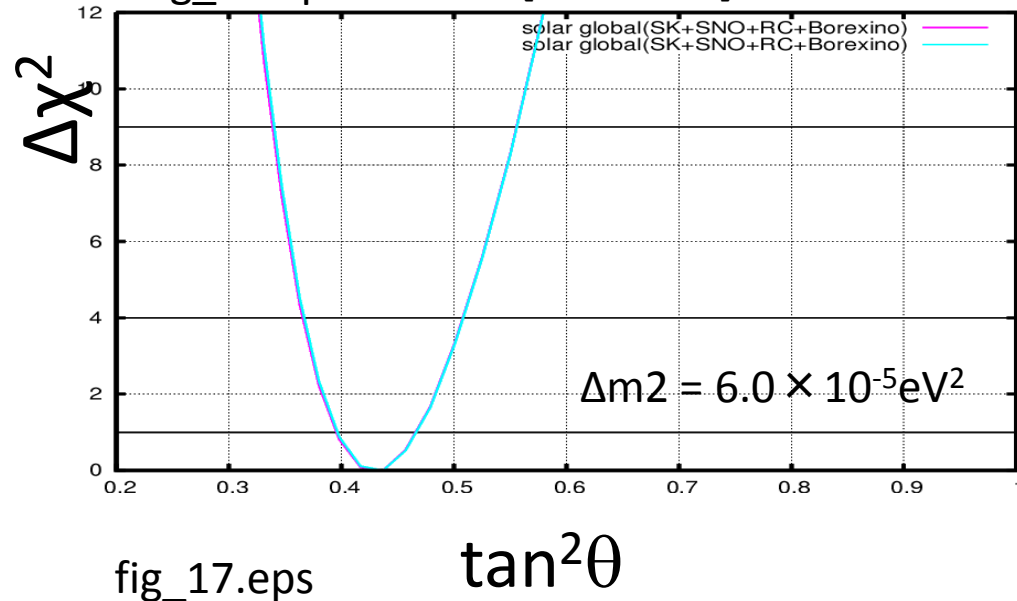
Contribution of SK-III



fig_15.eps

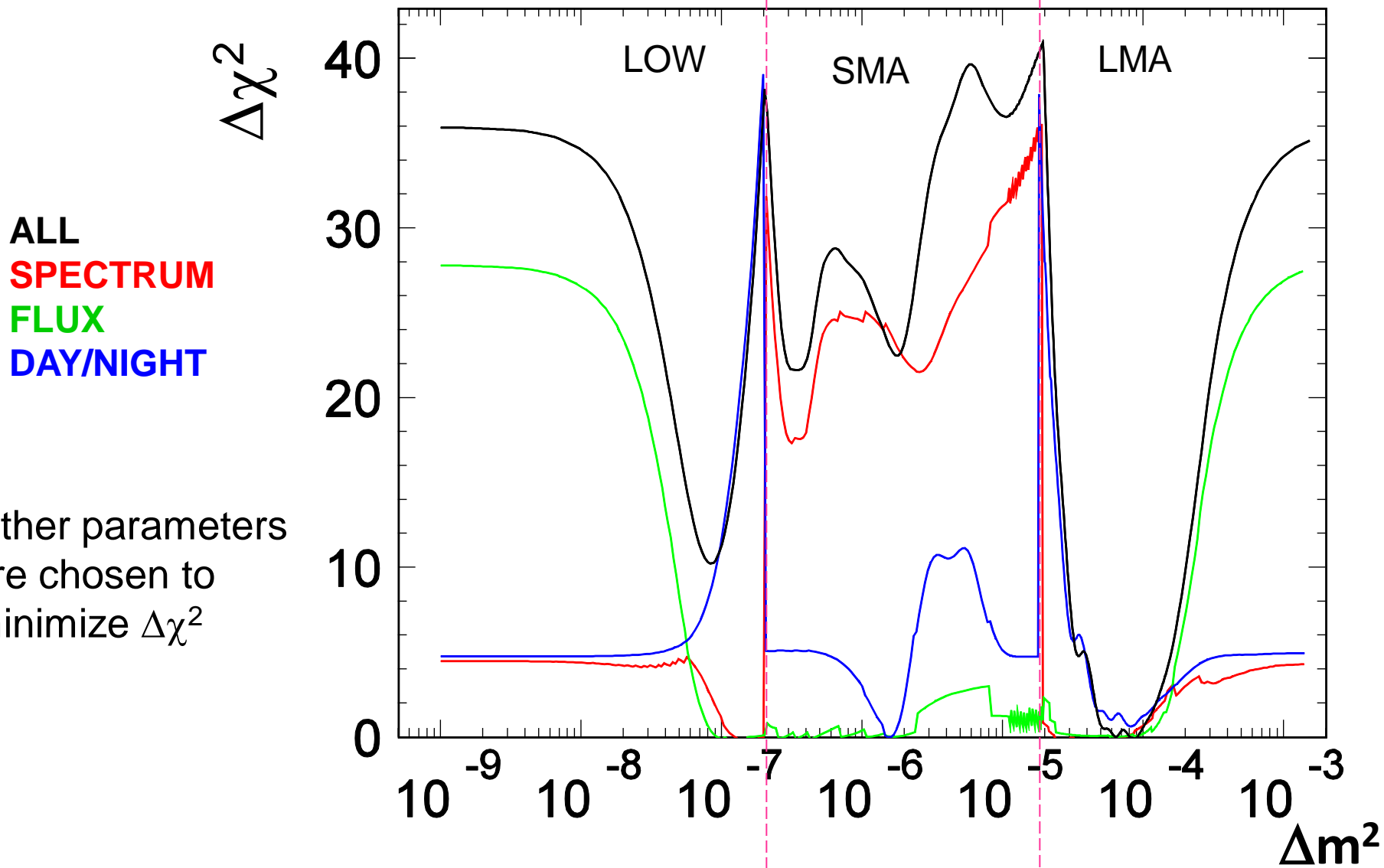


fig_16.eps

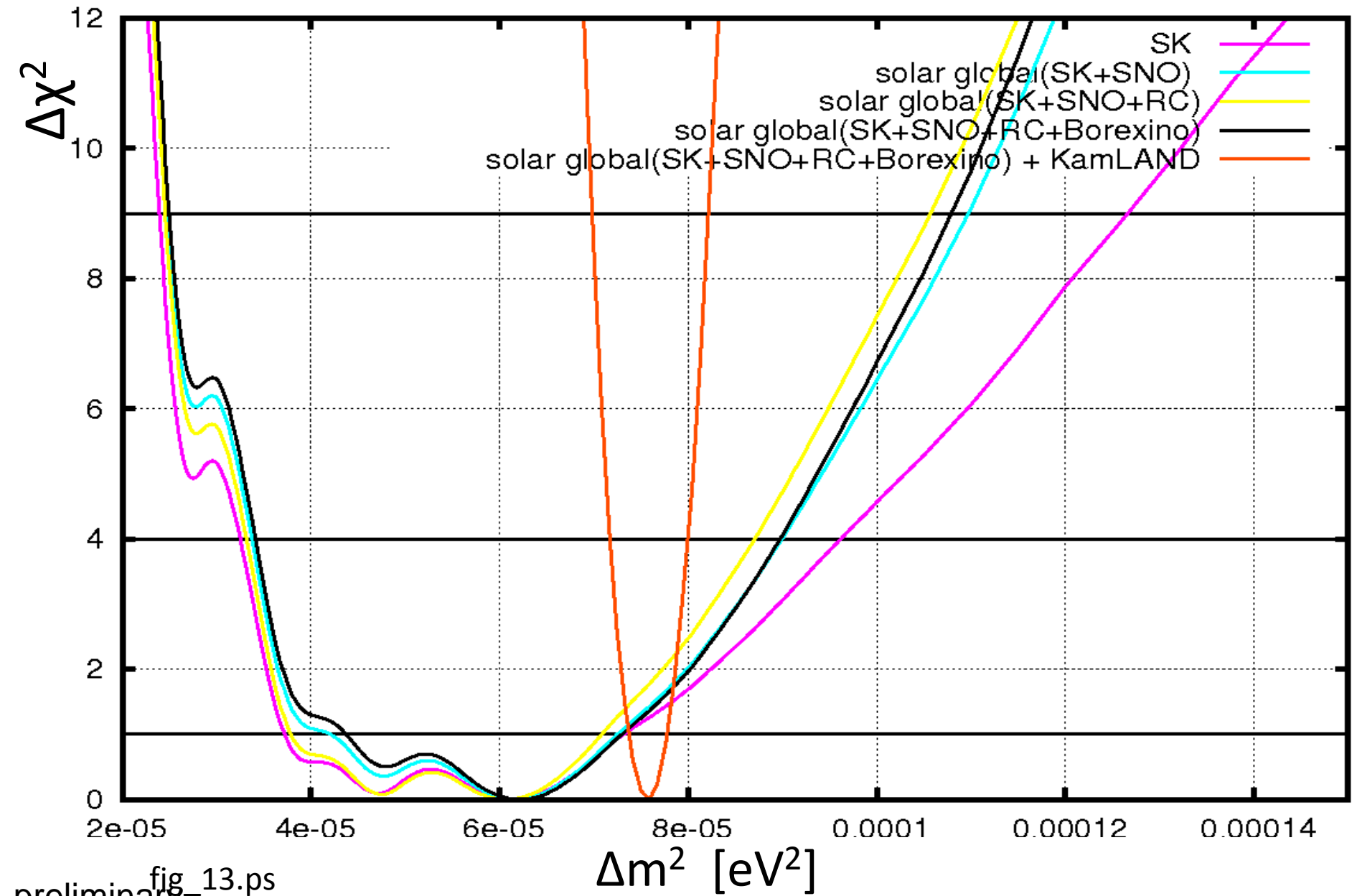


fig_17.eps

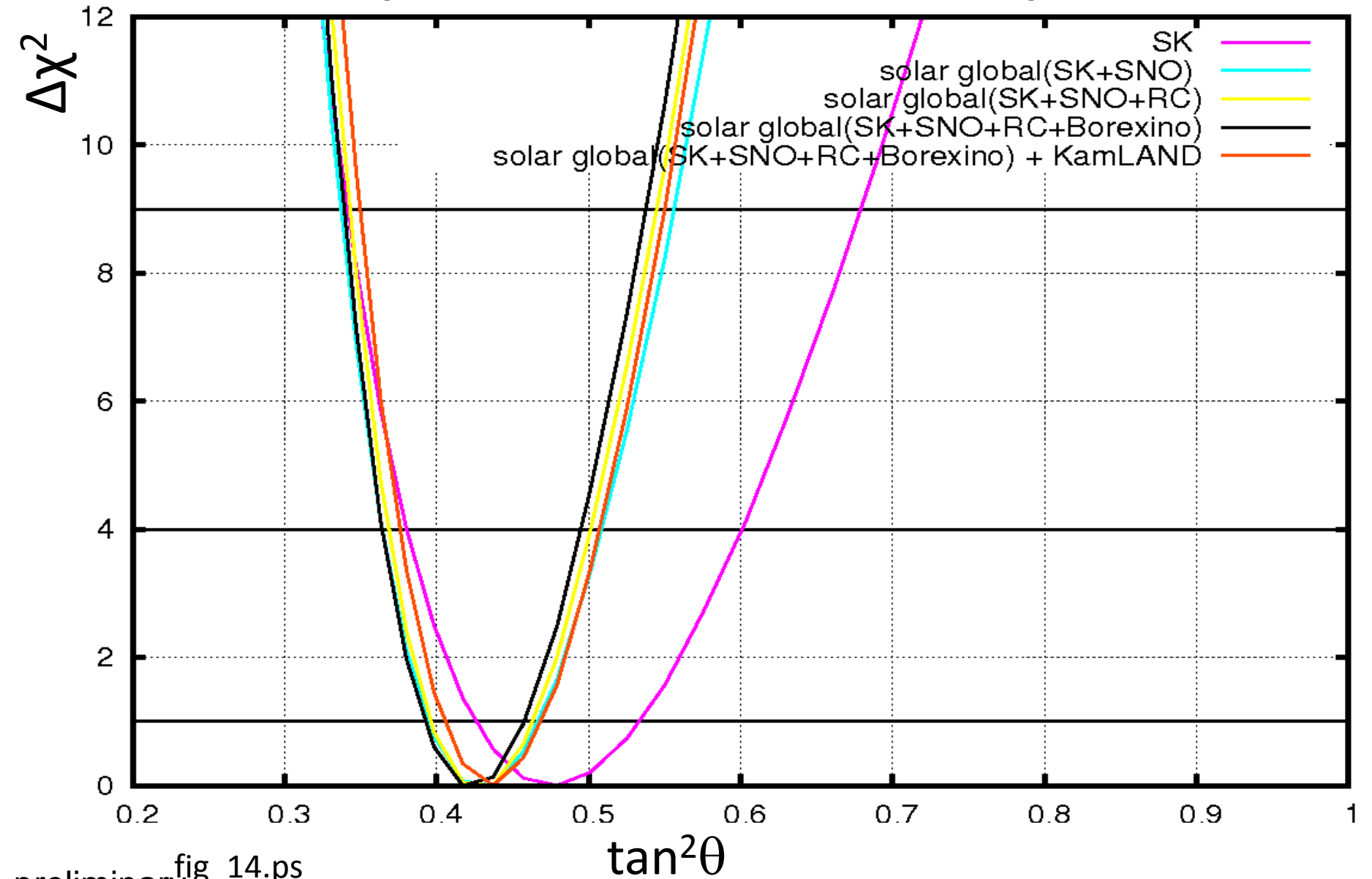
$\Delta\chi^2$ of Δm^2



1D plot - 2-flavor analysis

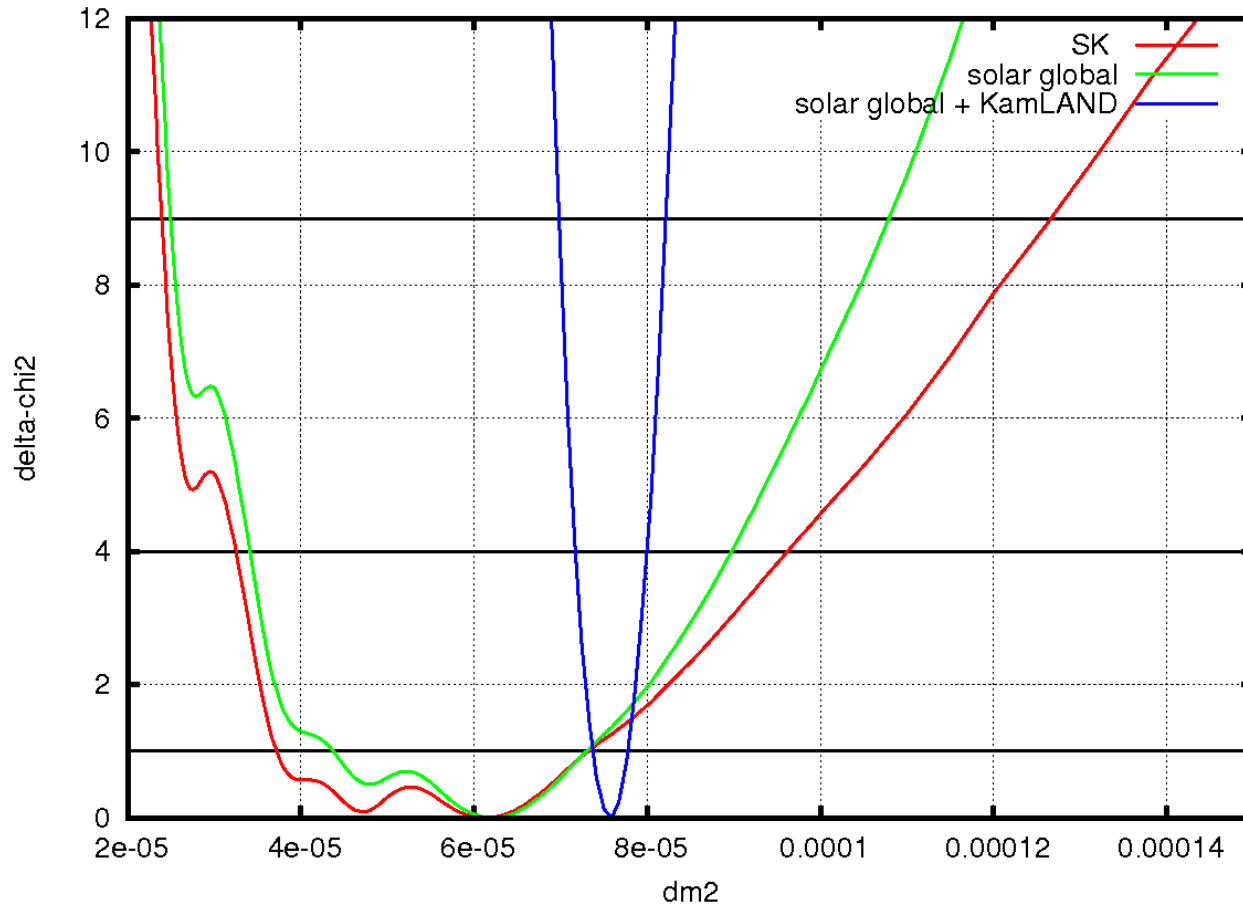


1D plot - 2-flavor analysis



1D plot 3-flavor analysis

$\Delta\chi^2$

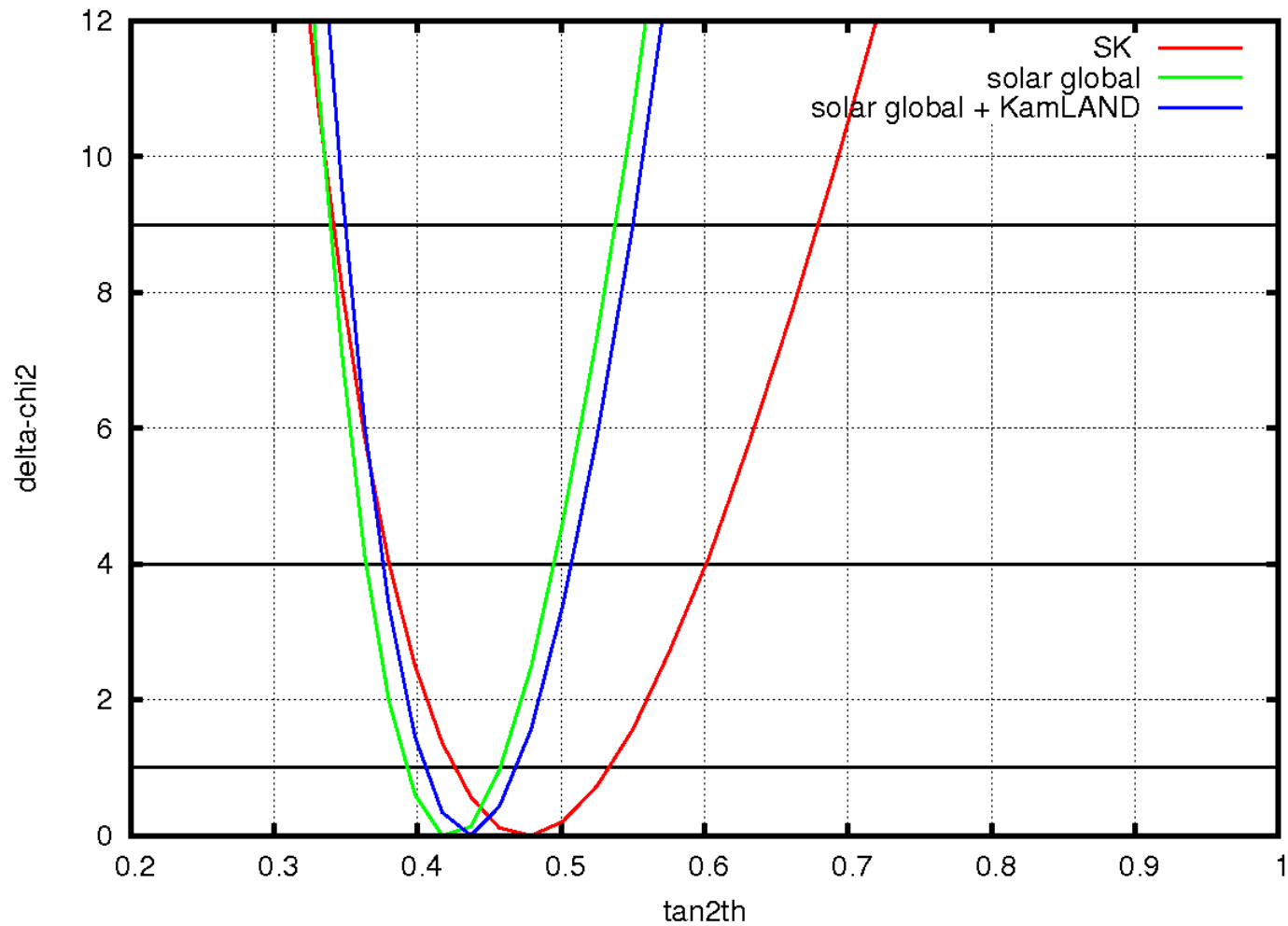


Δm^2 [eV²]

preliminary

1D plot 3-favor analysis

$\Delta\chi^2$



$\tan^2\theta$

preliminary

3f analysis parameters

Oscillation parameter in 3f analysis

– θ_{12} 、 θ_{13} 、 Δm_{12} (θ_{12} Δm_{12} :LMA, $\sin^2\theta_{13}=0-0.1$)

- $\Delta m_{23}=2.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{eV}^2$
- $\theta_{23}=2/\text{Pi}$, CP=0, Normal Hierarchy

1D plot – 3-flavor analysis

Preliminary

May 2010

